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Legend:
- Indicates heirloom varieties that are older, open-pollinated cultivars with a reputation for being high quality and easy to grow.
- Indicates easy to grow varieties recommended for 1st time gardeners and children.

In-store availability may vary compared to catalog offerings. If the desired variety is not on the shelf, please ask a store associate about placing a special order (additional freight charge may apply).

Seed Warranty: Southern States® and its dealers warrant the seeds sold in this container are as represented on the label and have been labeled as required under State and Federal seed laws. This express warranty is in lieu of all other warranties whether expressed or implied as to merchantability or fitness. Our liability in this transaction is limited in amount to the purchase price of the seeds. There is no warranty unless patron reports within 30 days after discovery of conditions indicating unsatisfactory results. No representative of Southern States or its dealers may vary any of the foregoing.

[www.southernstates.com](http://www.southernstates.com)
The work in the garden never seems to end, and often doesn’t! On the following pages we'll offer helpful advice to keep your vegetables growing strong.

*Disclaimer: The following are recommendations for the mid-atlantic and south eastern regions of the United States. Climate and dates may vary per year. Be sure to verify weather conditions for your area. A climate zone map can typically be found at your local county extension office. You can also come into your local Southern States® for advice and information on growing your garden.
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT SOUTHERN STATES BRANDED VEGETABLE SEED, SEED POTATOES, AND ONION SETS

Are they certified organic?
None of the Southern States vegetable seeds, seed potatoes, or onion sets are certified organic.

Are Southern States Vegetable Seeds Genetically Modified (GMO)?
The Southern States-branded vegetable seeds, seed potatoes and onion sets featured in this catalog and offered for sale on our retail shelves are not genetically modified.

As a farmer-owned cooperative, Southern States aims to provide a variety of products and services to meet our member and customer needs that are economically feasible, scientifically sound and environmentally responsible. Therefore, we do offer a small selection of genetically modified sweet corn currently available in the marketplace (see page 62), which are sold strictly in compliance with state and federal regulations.

What is a hybrid variety?
Hybrid is a term that is often confused with GMO products. A hybrid variety is produced by crossing parents with desirable traits. Hybridization is a process than can occur naturally in the environment or through human selection for the desired traits. A hybrid can be organic or conventional depending on how they are grown, but a hybrid cannot be an heirloom. Saving seeds from hybrid varieties is not recommended because the resulting crops will not share the same traits as the first hybrid crossing.

Source: https://organicforecast.org/2015/01/heirloom-hybrid-organic-gmo-what-does-it-all-mean/

What is an open-pollinated variety?
The offspring of open-pollinated varieties express traits similar to the parental lineage so seed from these varieties can be collected and replanted in the next season.
Are they hybrids?
Some of our Southern States vegetable seed varieties are hybrids and some are open-pollinated. Hybrid varieties are designated by the word “hybrid” or symbols “HY” or “F1” in the product name. If there is no hybrid designation, the variety is open-pollinated.

Are they heirlooms?
Unlike certified organic seed, “heirloom” is a relative term without legal definition set by the USDA. Most of the industry accepts that heirloom is an open-pollinated variety that has been handed down for generations. Generally, open pollinated varieties developed before 1957 are considered to be heirlooms. Southern States offers a wide range of open-pollinated seeds that have been grown for many generations. The varieties we consider to be heirlooms are designated in our Vegetable Grower’s Handbook.

Are they treated?
All of the sweetcorn, English peas and lima beans are treated, with the exception of the Alaska pea variety.

All of our garden beans and cowpeas are untreated except the Strike bean, Queen Ann blackeye and Zipper cowpea varieties.

Some varieties of small seeded items may be treated as well depending on the variety & supplier.

Seed potatoes are not treated with any sprout inhibitors throughout the growing & packaging processes. They are also not treated with any fungicides at the time of packaging in the spring; however, fungicides may have been applied to the plants during the field-growing stage or post-harvest to the tubers as they were conveyed in to storage in the fall.

Why do we use seed treatment?
We use seed treatment as an extra layer of protection to help with seed germination and seedling health. The treatment defends the seed from fungal pathogens and insect pests. This provides customers an optimal environment to grow a full, healthy crop.

Can items that are listed in the Vegetable Grower’s Handbook but are not stocked at the local store location be ordered?
Yes! Please ask a store associate to help you place a special order for a non-stock item. Note: Additional freight charge may apply.
INOCULANTS
When it comes to preventing disease and promoting growth in your plants, who couldn’t use a helping hand? By forming a partnership with your plants, inoculants work naturally to get those jobs done.

What are inoculants?
We often think of bacteria, fungi or other soil microbes as unsavory characters; many types of these life forms can help us out. Some form relationships with plant roots, encouraging them to grow while making water and important nutrients more available to the plant. Many live in the soil, breaking down nutrients like phosphorous, so plants can more easily absorb them into their systems while others attack plant pests before they become harmful.

Inoculants are specially formulated organism combinations tailored for each type of crop. Depending on the type of inoculant, inoculants can be applied to seeds or sprayed on the ground. By “inoculating,” or treating seed or soil with these organisms, the soil environment and crops are both improved. This leads to stronger plants and increased yield.

What can inoculants do?
Inoculants are effective in treating many plant problems.

• Biofertilizers are one type of inoculant that increases plant growth. Some bacterial inoculants, called rhizobacterial inoculants, can enhance the availability of nutrients like nitrogen and phosphorous. Other types of bacteria form symbiotic relationships with roots, increasing nitrogen nutrition, plant growth and grain yield. Some bacteria break down soil nutrients to simpler forms for easier plant uptake.

• Biopesticides colonize around the plant and help suppress harmful organisms by killing them or consuming their food resources to starve them. Many bacteria, fungi and nematodes make great biopesticides.

• Another type of inoculant stimulates plants’ defenses to pests and pathogens, making it harder for these to attack the plants.

Inoculant application and storage
Inoculants are available in liquid, solid or freeze-dried form. Growers can purchase pre-inoculated seeds or mix the inoculants with seeds in a planter box before planting. Because inoculants are living organisms, inoculated seeds or mixtures should always be stored in a cool, dark, dry place.

What are the best types of inoculants for my crop?
With so many choices, selecting the best inoculants for your crop can be confusing. On Page 7, we show the different inoculants suited for various plant types.
### Gardening Articles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plant Type</th>
<th>Inoculant</th>
<th>Result</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ornamental</strong></td>
<td>Gliocladium sp.</td>
<td>Antifungal</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Trichoderma spp.</td>
<td>Promotes plant growth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Beans and Peas</strong></td>
<td>Rhizobium</td>
<td>Fixes nitrogen</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pseudomonas spp., Bacillus spp.</td>
<td>Increases root growth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bacillus subtilis</td>
<td>Increases plant disease resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Corn, Rice, Wheat</strong></td>
<td>Azospirillum, Azobacter, Bacillus,</td>
<td>Fixes nitrogen</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>and Burkholderia strains</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Many Vegetables</strong></td>
<td>Bacillus subtilis</td>
<td>Increases plant disease resistance</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Pseudomonas spp.</td>
<td>Promotes plant growth, anti-fungal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gliocladium spp.</td>
<td>Anti-fungal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Good for Most Crops</strong></td>
<td>Mycorrhizae fungi</td>
<td>Increases nutrient and water uptake, increases disease and drought resistance</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bt</td>
<td>Kills caterpillars, beetle larvae, fly larvae and nematodes</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Streptomyces lyticus, griseoviridis</td>
<td>Promotes plant growth, anti-fungal</td>
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**Guard-N Inoculant 1.5 oz. Pack**

Guard-N is OMRI listed for organic use and contains several strains of rhizobia, including Bradyrhizobium japonicum, Bradyrhizobium sp. (Vigna), Rhizobium leguminosarum biovar viceae and Rhizobium leguminosarum biovar phaseoli. This inoculant covers many common legume garden crops, including beans, peas, lima beans, soybeans and 60 other species. The 1.5 oz. pack treats 8 pounds of seed. Usages: Garden Pea, Sweet Pea, Bean, Lima Bean, and Soybean.

111-01088

**Graph-Ex Cover Crop Inoculant 4 oz. Pack**


111-00628

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**Gardening Articles**

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COVER CROPS
When it comes to efficiently utilizing nutrients, improving soil quality, and increasing yields, many growers rely on cover crops as a valuable tool in their farm management system or garden production. Cover crops offer benefits that include:

- Erosion control
- Reduced compaction and nutrient leaching
- Increased water infiltration
- Improved soil biodiversity
- Weed control and disease suppression
- Increased carbon sequestration and maximum nutrient recycling
- Improved air, soil, and water quality
- Wildlife enhancement

Vegetable gardens occupy the soil for only a portion of the year. Cover crops provide many benefits during the off-season. Experts suggest that giving the ground a rest can actually harm future crops. By leaving fields or gardens un-sown, growers provide an opportunity for winter weeds to grow uncontrolled and nutrients to leech freely into groundwater. Fallow plots also propagate pathogen and pests’ life cycles by leaving their winter haven undisturbed.

How Cover Crops Work
Pests and pathogens typically tailor their life cycles to specific plants or groups of plants. By planting cover crops or rotating crops, growers provide their soil with a host-free period, helping to starve out pests, pathogens and reducing disease and pest problems from season to season. Cover crops also reduce weeds by out-competing would-be interlopers for nutrients and space.

By blanketing the ground with their tangle of root systems holding firm to the soil’s surface, cover crops can prevent water and nutrients from leeching into the groundwater. When it’s time to plant, growers recycle these nutrients, making them available to crops by incorporating them right back into their fields. All of this adds up to healthier soil for cultivation.

Selecting the correct cover crop will help set you up for success for the next planting season. Many growers select winter rye to cover fallow fields because it is cold-hardy and offers an array of benefits from controlling erosion to reducing soil compaction. Others use red clover to fix nitrogen and suppress weeds. Buckwheat also fixes nitrogen and fall mustards can help suppress weeds. Cover crops offer many benefits to the growers.
**Garden Blanket Mix**
After vegetables have been harvested, it is an ideal time to prepare the bed for next year. The Garden Blanket Mix is a cover crop for gardens or bare areas that uses a combination of wheat and pre-inoculated crimson clover. The Garden Blanket Mix can help with soil erosion, weed control, and nitrogen fixation. **DO NOT USE FOR LAWNS.**
Plant in late fall/early winter. Be sure to till maturing plants under in early spring before excessive growth occurs. Use a 3 lb. bag for 3,000 square feet at a rate of 1 lb. per 1,000 square feet. Seed is coated orange for ease of application.

3 lb........ 021-11506

**Yellow Sweet Clover**
Yellow Sweet Clover is a favorite of honey bees. Used to improve honey production, the yellow flowers are attractive to bees and the nectar results in flavorful honey. This clover can also be used as forage, especially in pasture mixes once animals become accustomed to the bitter taste. As a biennial legume, the plant will be primarily vegetative in its first year with flowers forming in the second growth year. Flowering stalks will reach up to 6 feet high. The taproot of the mature plant can break through hard pan soil layers. Plant at a rate of 3-8 lbs./acre in mixes or 6-15 lbs./acre in pure stands.

1 lb........ 021-11552
3 lb........ 021-11556
50 lb...... 021-11550

**Crimson Clover**
Crimson Clover is a bright-blooming winter annual with beautiful crimson flowers and long foliage. Plants have dark green leaves densely covered with hairs, and will grow to a height of 1 to 3 feet. Major uses are pasture, hay, green manure crop, and roadside beautification. Crimson Clover will produce more forage at low temperatures than other clovers. Plant at a broadcast rate of 20 to 30 lbs./acre in late August-October.

3 lb........ 021-11505
50 lb...... 021-11500
Gardeners boasting state-fair-sized flowers and growers with consistently healthy row crops rely on more than sunshine, water and a green thumb to keep their plants healthy; they know that one secret to success lies with an annual soil test.

Where to find a soil test kit?
A soil test can be acquired at your local Southern States store. Simply stop in and ask one of our team members for a soil sampling kit - and feel free to ask questions. Our knowledgeable staff will help walk you through what you’ll need to do. Soil kits give you the information you’ll need to get started. Once your soil test is complete, you’ll have a full recommendation on what to do to get your lawn or garden growing great!

Testing Your Soil
According to the Clemson University Cooperative Extension program, gardeners should test their soil once each year, ideally in the fall or at least two months before planting to allow time for any necessary lime or other recommended amendments to react with the soil. Accurate results depend on adhering to proper soil testing methods. Follow these guidelines for an accurate soil reading:

1. Use clean tools with no soil residue. Stainless steel or chrome-plated soil probe, hand garden trowel, shovel or spade work best. Avoid using brass, bronze or galvanized tools, as they will contaminate samples with copper and/or zinc.

2. On a day when your soil isn’t too wet or too dry, divide your landscape into functional areas (e.g.: vegetable garden, lawn, flower bed and the area closest to your house) and sample those areas individually.

3. Gather at least 10 subsamples from each functional area. Mix the subsamples together in a clean bucket to yield a representative soil sample. The representative soil sample should be at least 2 cups.

4. Collect soil from the appropriate depths. For established lawns, sample soil 2-4 inches from the ground. Soil from vegetable and flower gardens should be 6-8 inches below ground or the tillage depth. And around trees and shrubs, soil should be collected 6 inches below ground.
Analyzing the Results
When you’re all done, bring in your soil sample to your local Southern States. We’ll ship the soil to a lab which then will analyze your results and provide a soil care recommendation, complete with products and application details. A Southern States team member will be glad to review your personalized plan with you—as well as answer any questions you might have.

Your soil test results reveal a few key facts. In addition to indicating the actual pH value, it shows how acidic or basic your soil is and recommends the necessary amount of fertilizer or lime (if needed) per 1,000 square feet that should be added to keep your plants healthy.

The pH scale ranges from 0 to 14. If your soil has a pH less than 7, it is more acidic, while numbers greater than 7 indicate alkaline soil. Azaleas, rhododendrons, blueberries and conifers thrive in acid soils with pH levels around 5, whereas vegetables, grasses and ornamentals prefer only slightly acidic soils, with a pH ranging from 5.8 to 6.5.

If your soil is too acidic, you may need a limestone application. Specific lime requirements (often referred to as LR) are based on each plant’s needs. Lime requirements generally indicate the amount of ground limestone that is necessary to raise your soil to a pH level of 6.5. For best results, work the lime into the soil by tilling it under, as surface-applied lime integrates with the soil at a low rate.
CHECKLIST FOR THE PERFECT GARDEN

There is nothing nicer than harvesting your own produce. Healthy fresh vegetables picked straight from your plot retain considerably more of the nutrients that are often lost in transport and storage. Furthermore, a comparatively small investment in seeds and fertilizer added to a little diligent elbow grease can save you hundreds, perhaps even thousands, of dollars off your grocery bill. Starting and maintaining your own garden is easy and fun.

With Southern States, you’ll have everything you need to enjoy fresh produce from your own garden. Start with the check list below to begin planning your garden!

- Start planning your garden in January
- Choose a well-drained, sunny location with sandy loam soil
- Test soil (see store for more information)
- Apply lime and fertilizer in accordance with soil test results
- Choose your vegetables
- Start seeds indoors to maximize growing season
- Till the garden
- Mark off rows
- Plant the seeds
- Water the seeds
- Thin your plants and begin weeding
- Check for disease and pests for immediate control
- Apply additional fertilizer
- Support plants like tomatoes as they grow
- Harvest
- Preservation-canning and freezing

PLAN YOUR GARDEN

To start planning your garden, you should determine the plant hardiness zone in which your garden is located. In the U.S. there are 11 plant hardiness zones as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), which are also known as growing or climate zones. There is no hard and fast rule that says that one species of plant will necessarily flourish or fail outside of its hardiness zone, and it may often be worth an experiment to go a zone either way now and again. However, the plant hardiness zones are considered to be fairly reliable guidelines. Reference your local extension service about planting in your zone. To print out our gardening grid to assist in planning your garden please visit: www.southernstates.com/articles/gardening-grid.aspx
Knowing when to plant is critical to a successful garden. This chart indicates the optimum month to plant each variety, based on the upper south climate zone. For planting times in other climate zones, visit us at southernstates.com or contact your local Southern States® dealer.

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<td>Broccoli</td>
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<td>Brussels Sprouts</td>
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<td>Beets</td>
<td>Cabbage</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Carrots</td>
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<td>Spring</td>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
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<td>(Winter)</td>
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<td>Corn</td>
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<td>Salsify</td>
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<td>Winter Onions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cantaloupe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collards</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowpeas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumbers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kale (Spring)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsley</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsnips</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radishes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhubarb</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinach</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (Summer)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (Winter)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Chard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnips</td>
<td></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>NOVEMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Bush</td>
<td>Asparagus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Bush</td>
<td>Winter Onions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lima</td>
<td>Rutabaga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Pole</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lima</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackeye Edible</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantaloupe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowpeas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumbers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kale (Spring)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okra</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peppers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumpkins</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radishes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (Summer)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (Winter)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Potatoes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomatoes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnips</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watermelons</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JUNE</th>
<th>DECEMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Bush</td>
<td>Soil Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collards</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowpeas</td>
<td>Squash (Summer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumbers</td>
<td>Sweet Potatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>Tomatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>Turnips</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salsify</td>
<td>Watermelons</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## How to Plant

Use the chart below to determine how much seed to buy for your garden. Also listed are optimum planting dates, based on the upper south climate zone. For planting times in other climate zones, visit us at southernstates.com or contact your local Southern States® dealer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>vegetable type</th>
<th>seed for 100 feet of row (sufficient for replanting or multiple plantings)</th>
<th>planting time</th>
<th>distance in feet between rows</th>
<th>distance in inches between plants or hills in row</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>garden tractor cultivation</td>
<td>hand cultivation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus</td>
<td>66 plants</td>
<td>February and March or October and November</td>
<td>4 to 5</td>
<td>3 to 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Bush</td>
<td>1 to 2 lb</td>
<td>April to August</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Pole</td>
<td>½ lb</td>
<td>April to May</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Bush Lima</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
<td>May</td>
<td>3 to 3½</td>
<td>2 to 2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Pole Lima</td>
<td>½ lb</td>
<td>May</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackeye Edible Peas</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
<td>April to May</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beets</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>March to August</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>1 to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broccoli</td>
<td>66 plants</td>
<td>April and July</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brussels Sprouts</td>
<td>66 plants</td>
<td>March, April and July</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage</td>
<td>50 to 66 plants</td>
<td>Early March, April and Late July</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantaloupe</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>April and May</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3 to 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>March to July</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>1 to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
<td>66 plants</td>
<td>Set Plants in April and July</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celery</td>
<td>120 to 150 plants</td>
<td>Set Plants in July</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collards</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>March, April, June and July</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>April to July</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumbers</td>
<td>½ oz</td>
<td>May and June</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3 to 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>50 plants</td>
<td>May and June</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kale (Spring)</td>
<td>1 to 2 oz</td>
<td>March to May</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kale</td>
<td>1 to 2 oz</td>
<td>March, August and September</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1½ to 2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce</td>
<td>½ oz</td>
<td>Early March to May and Late August</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
<td>1½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustard</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>Early March, April and Late August</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
<td>1 to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>May and June</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onions</td>
<td>1 to 2 lb</td>
<td>March and April</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
<td>1 to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Onions</td>
<td>2 to 3 lb</td>
<td>September to November</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsley</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>March and April</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 to 1½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsnips</td>
<td>½ to 1 oz</td>
<td>March and April</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>1 to 2 lb</td>
<td>February to May</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peppers</td>
<td>66 plants</td>
<td>May</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td>½ peck</td>
<td>March to May</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumpkins</td>
<td>½ oz</td>
<td>May</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radishes</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>Early March to May, Late August and September</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
<td>1 to 1½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhubarb</td>
<td>25 to 30 roots</td>
<td>Early March and April</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rutabaga</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>Late October and November</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salsify</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>June and July</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>1 to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinach</td>
<td>1 to 2 oz</td>
<td>Early March, April, Late August and September</td>
<td>2 to 3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (Summer)</td>
<td>½ oz</td>
<td>April to June</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3 to 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash (Winter)</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>April and May</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3 to 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Potatoes</td>
<td>66 to 100 plants</td>
<td>May and June</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Chard</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>March and April</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomatoes</td>
<td>33 to 40 plants</td>
<td>Early May to Late July</td>
<td>3 to 5</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnips</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td>March to August</td>
<td>2½ to 3</td>
<td>1½ to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watermelons</td>
<td>½ oz</td>
<td>May and June</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4 to 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To get the best taste, texture and cooking quality, vegetables should be harvested at optimum maturity. This chart indicates the best stage of growth to harvest. Another aid to planning a successful garden is the “Days to Maturity” date printed on each seed package and in this guide. This is based on normal growing conditions and will indicate how many days until the plant reaches optimum maturity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>vegetable</th>
<th>part eaten</th>
<th>too early</th>
<th>optimum maturity</th>
<th>too late</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Artichoke, Globe</td>
<td>Immature bloom</td>
<td>Small flower buds</td>
<td>When buds are 2” to 4” in diameter; Large buds with loose scales or bracts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus</td>
<td>Stem</td>
<td>Insufficient length</td>
<td>6” to 8” long; no fiber; Excess woody fiber in the stem</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Lima</td>
<td>Seed</td>
<td>Insufficient bean size</td>
<td>Bright green puffy pod; large seed; Yellow pods</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Pole Green</td>
<td>Pod and seed</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Bean cavity full; seed ¾ grown; Large seed; fibrous pods</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Snap Bush</td>
<td>Pod and seed</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Turgid pods; seeds just visible; Fibrous pods; large seed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beets</td>
<td>Root and leaves</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Roots 2” to 3” in diameter; Soft rind; strong taste</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broccoli</td>
<td>Immature bloom</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Bright green color; bloom still tightly closed; Loose head; some blooms beginning to show</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brussels Sprouts</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>Insufficient size; hard to harvest</td>
<td>Bright green; tight head; Loose head; color changes to green-yellow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>Insufficient leaf cover</td>
<td>Heads firm; leaf tight; Loose leaf; leaves cracked open</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantaloupes</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Stem does not want to separate from fruit</td>
<td>Stem breaks away easily and cleanly when pulled; Yellow background color; soft rind</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>Root</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>½” to ¾” at shoulder; Strong taste; oversweet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
<td>Immature bloom</td>
<td>Head not developed</td>
<td>Compact head; fairly smooth; Curds open; separate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celery</td>
<td>Stems</td>
<td>Stem too small</td>
<td>Plant stands 12” to 15” tall; medium-thick stem; Seed stalk formed; bitterness</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collards</td>
<td>Leaf</td>
<td>Insufficient leaf size</td>
<td>Bright green color; small midrib; Large midrib; fibrous</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn, Sweet</td>
<td>Grain</td>
<td>Grain watery; small</td>
<td>Grain plump; liquid in milk stage; Liquid in dough stage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumber</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Dark green skin; soft seeds; Skin beginning to yellow; hard seeds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>High glossy skin; side springs back when mashed; Brown seeds; side will not spring back when mashed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce, Head</td>
<td>Leaves</td>
<td>Head not fully formed</td>
<td>Fairly firm; good size; Heads very hard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>Pod</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>2” to 3” long; still tender; Fiber development; tough pods</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onions, Dry</td>
<td>Bulb</td>
<td>Tops all green</td>
<td>Tops yellow; ¼ fallen over; All tops down; bulb not started</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas, English</td>
<td>Seed</td>
<td>Peas immature and too small to shell</td>
<td>Peas small to medium; sweet bright green; Yellow pods; large peas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas, Southern (green)</td>
<td>Seed and pod</td>
<td>Peas immature and too small to shell</td>
<td>Seeds fully developed but still soft; soft pods; Hard seeds; dry pods</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pepper, Pimiento</td>
<td>Pod</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Bright red and firm; shriveled pod</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pepper, Red Bell</td>
<td>Pod</td>
<td>Chocolate-colored pods</td>
<td>Bright red and firm; shriveled pod</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato, Irish</td>
<td>Tubers</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>When tops begin to die back; Damaged by freezing weather</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato, Sweet</td>
<td>Root</td>
<td>Small size; immature</td>
<td>Most roots 2” to 3” in diameter; Early plantings get too large and crack; damaged by soil temperature below 50°F</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhubarb</td>
<td>Stem</td>
<td>Small size; immature</td>
<td>Stem 8” to 15” long is best; Fleshy stem becomes fibrous</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>Seed</td>
<td>Seeds not developed</td>
<td>Thick pods; bright green; Dry pods; seed shatters out</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash, Summer</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Insufficient size</td>
<td>Rind can be penetrated with thumbnail; Penetrating with thumbnail is difficult; large seed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squash, Winter</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Soft rind</td>
<td>Rind difficult to penetrate with thumbnail; Damaged by frost</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomatoes</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>May be harvested in 3 stages;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watermelon</td>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Green flesh; green stem is difficult to separate</td>
<td>Melon surface next to the ground turns from a light straw color to a richer yellow</td>
<td>Top surface has a dull look</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chart provided by UGA Extension.
Beans thrive in warmer weather; therefore they should not be planted until all danger of frost has past. Lima beans prefer even warmer conditions than garden beans, with a minimum soil temperature of 65° F. They should be planted in full sun, well-drained soil. For bush beans/limas, plant the seeds about 1 to 2 inches deep, 2 to 3 inches apart with rows being 24 to 36 inches apart. Once true leaves have developed, you can thin to about 6 inches apart. For pole varieties, plant about 1 to 2 inches deep, 6 to 8 inches apart with rows being 30 to 48 inches apart.

Whether you are planting pole beans or pole limas, don’t forget to utilize some type of support when you plant the beans. All beans need adequate moisture, so you may need to water at least once a week or more depending on weather conditions.

Beans as a whole are one of the easier vegetables to grow and some type of bean or relative is native to just about everywhere in the world, which is great for beginning gardeners.

Goldrush
Matures in 56 days
An attractive yellow wax bean with smooth, straight, slender and round pods. Goldrush has a highly concentrated set carried medium-high on the large-framed bush plant. Well-suited for mechanical or hand harvesting.

½ lb........ 020-40601
1 lb........ 020-50601
5 lb........ 020-60601

Jade
Matures in 60 days
Produces abundant yields over multiple harvests of long, round straight pods with exceptional sweet flavor, tenderness and dark green color. A strong, upright, bush-type plant holds pods above the ground which reduces the likelihood of curling and tip rot.

½ lb........ 020-40623
1 lb........ 020-50623
5 lb........ 020-60623

Mountaineer Half Runner
Matures in 56 days
A delicious favorite for many years. Pods are 4 inches long with some strings but free of fiber. Bush is full, leafy, vigorous and resistant to Common Bean Mosaic. Stake to sustain production.

½ lb........ 020-40002
1 lb........ 020-50002
5 lb........ 020-60002

Kentucky Wonder Bush 125
Matures in 59 days
These heavy-yielding beans are outstanding fresh or for canning or freezing. Abundant crop of 6 to 7 inch, medium-green pods. Seeds are white.

½ lb........ 020-40007
1 lb........ 020-50007
5 lb........ 020-60007

Roma II
Matures in 59 days
A high yielding, disease-resistant snap bean, Roma II is tender, meaty and flavorful. The pods are slow to develop seed and fiber, ensuring high eating quality for 3 weeks or longer. Strong plants keep beans off the ground and free of dirt.

½ lb........ 020-40011
1 lb........ 020-50011
5 lb........ 020-60011
Royal Burgundy
Matures in 51 days
The bean with its own built-in timer! The bright purple pods turn a brilliant green when tender-crisp. Plants are upright and produce colorful, easy-to-see pods that are 5 to 6 inches long.
1/2 lb........ 020-40013
1 lb.......... 020-50013
5 lb......... 020-60013

Slenderette
Matures in 53 days
Slender, smooth stringless pods are glossy and dark green. Very high yield and quality with resistance to Common Bean Mosaic-NY 1, 15 strains, pod mottle and curly top virus. Strong, erect 20 inch plants easily support the bountiful crop of 5 inch beans.
1/2 lb....... 020-40009
1 lb......... 020-50009
5 lb......... 020-60009

State Half Runner
Matures in 52 days
Eaten fresh or shelled as dried beans, State Half Runners thrive under difficult conditions, producing a prolific crop of 4 to 5 inch long pods. Full of old-fashioned flavor.
1/2 lb....... 020-40006
1 lb......... 020-50006
5 lb......... 020-60006

Tendergreen
Matures in 57 days
The bush of this stringless variety is straight, hardy and fully leaved, providing protection from the hot sun. A great freezer or canner.
1/2 lb........ 020-40019
1 lb.......... 020-50019
5 lb.......... 020-60019

Strike
Matures in 55 days
Very good variety for canning or freezing. The plant produces 5 1/2 inch medium stringless green pods and is very high yielding.
1/2 lb....... 020-40617
1 lb......... 020-50617
5 lb......... 020-60617

Tenderette
Matures in 55 days
Considered by some to be the best. The tasty, dark green stringless pods are smooth, straight and without fiber. Plants are a sturdy 18 to 20 inches high and disease resistant to Curly Top, Common Bean Mosaic - NY 1, 15. The 5 1/2 to 6 inch round, slightly creased pods are filled with small white beans and clustered in the upper portion of the plant for easy picking.
1/2 lb....... 020-40610
1 lb......... 020-50610
5 lb......... 020-60610

Topcrop
Matures in 52 days
Excellent for canning or freezing, the sturdy wide-spreading bush has medium green foliage and is 16 to 18 inches tall. The 6 inch stringless pods are slightly curved and tender. Resistant to Common Bean Mosaic.
1/2 lb........ 020-40604
1 lb.......... 020-50604
5 lb.......... 020-60604
Volunteer Half Runner
Matures in 60 days
A superior rust resistant strain of the White Half Runner initially selected by researchers at the University of Tennessee. It has a vigorous plant that can reach a height of 6 feet. It produces early-yielding, round pods that average just over 4 inches in length and make great “snaps”.

1/2 lb......020-40633
1 lb........020-50633
5 lb.........020-60633

Blue Lake FM1
Matures in 66 days
Excellent for canning and freezing, this stringless variety produces a heavy yield of 51/2 to 6 inch round, dark green beans. This pole variety has been around for many years and is very popular.

1/2 lb......020-40028
1 lb........020-50028
5 lb.........020-60028

Kentucky Blue
Matures in 65 days
Filled with the flavor of both Kentucky Wonder and Blue Lake. Vines produce round stringless pods that are smooth, dark green. For the best cooking quality, harvest beans when they reach 6 to 7 inches. An All-America Selections winner.

1/2 lb.......020-40026
1 lb ........020-50026
5 lb.........020-60026

Kentucky Wonder
Matures in 65 days
The classic pole bean growing from 5 to 6 feet tall. Produces medium dark green flat pods averaging 7 to 9 inches long. Slightly stringy, the uneven pods twist, curve and make a highly satisfying “snap.” Seed color is brown.

1/2 lb.......020-40021
1 lb ........020-50021
5 lb.........020-60021

McCaslan
Matures in 66 days
Vines of this vigorous pole bean grow up to 51/2 feet. Medium green pods reach 8 inches long and are meaty, slightly flattened, stringy and twisted. Well-utilized as a shelling bean after maturing. Ivory-white seeds are oblong and flat.

1/2 lb.......020-40023
1 lb ........020-50023
5 lb.........020-60023

White Half Runner
Matures in 56 days
A good slender climber with full medium-green foliage at the bottom. White Half Runners are a stringed variety used as snap beans in the young and tender stage, and shelled beans in maturity. The small, oval seeds are white.

1/2 lb.......020-40004
1 lb ........020-50004
5 lb.........020-60004

French Horticulture
Matures in 70 days
This very productive “cranberry bean” variety has been used primarily for shelling. It is very similar to Dwarf Horticulture. The vines reach 30 to 36 inches.

1/2 lb.......020-40622
1 lb ........020-50622
5 lb.........020-60622

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Heirloom variety  Great for the 1st time gardener
Rattlesnake Bean

Matures in 75 days
Their name comes from the way their pods twist and snake around the vines and poles. These beans are great in chili or baked dishes. Pole green bean bearing 7 to 10 inch, dark-green pods with purple streaks and tan beans with dark stripes.

1/2 lb........020-40005
1 lb...........020-50005
5 lb...........020-60005

Burpee Improved Bush

Matures in 75 days
An attractive, prolific bush bean that grows 18 to 20 inches tall. The medium green curved pods are 4 1/2 to 5 inches long and contain 4 to 5 large, pale green beans. Seeds are large and greenish-white.

1/2 lb........020-40037
1 lb...........020-50037
5 lb...........020-60037

Dixie Butterpea White

Matures in 75 days
Producing white, small and nearly round lima beans, this variety’s plants are 16 to 24 inches high. Expect 3 to 4 beans per pod.

1/2 lb........020-40038
1 lb...........020-50038
5 lb...........020-60038

Dixie Butterpea Speckled

Matures in 75 days
Similar to the Dixie Butterpea White, only with red and purple speckling on the seed.

1/2 lb........020-40039
1 lb...........020-50039
5 lb...........020-60039

Early Thorogreen

Matures in 65 days
A flat, thin, 3 inch lima without the mealy texture that characterizes many of their thicker cousins. An attractive side-dish or addition to soups and casseroles.

1/2 lb........020-40033
1 lb...........020-50033
5 lb...........020-60033

MOST GARDEN & LIMA BEANS AVAILABLE IN 50 LB. BAGS
Eastland
Matures in 75 days
A continuous producer, the plant is strong, vigorous and upright, reaching 20 inches. Semi-flat pods are 3 to 4 inches long with 3 flavorful beans each.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40036 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50036 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60036
\end{align*}
\]

Fordhook No. 242
Matures in 75 days
Among the most popular limas in the country. Tender and meaty, it’s a great freezer. Plump pods are easy to shell. Dark green plants are knee-high and upright.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40035 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50035 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60035
\end{align*}
\]

Henderson
Matures in 65 days
This baby lima has great canning and freezing qualities. The strong 16 inch bush is erect and hearty. Creamy white \(3\frac{1}{4}\) inch beans are broad, flat and dark green.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40032 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50032 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60032
\end{align*}
\]

Jackson Wonder
Matures in 68 days
A bean that enjoys a great popularity in the south. The strong, erect 16 to 20 inch bush produces slightly curved, 3 to 3\(\frac{3}{4}\) inch pods. Dark green with a broad flat shape. Pods produce 3 to 4 medium-small buff colored beans with splashes of purple.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40034 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50034 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60034
\end{align*}
\]

Woods Prolific
Matures in 71 days
Similar to Henderson, but more vigorous, larger and later in season.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40031 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50031 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60031
\end{align*}
\]

Christmas
Matures in 88 days
A pole lima with very large speckled beans. Plants are 7 to 9 feet tall. Pods are 5 to 5\(\frac{1}{2}\) inches long and produce 2 seeds each. Used as a green shelled lima or dried bean.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40042 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50042 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60042
\end{align*}
\]

King of the Garden
Matures in 85 days
Vine is 7 to 9 feet tall with vigorous medium-green foliage. Pods are 5 to 6 inches long, light green, flat, with 4 to 5 beans per pod. Well adapted for freezing. White, large seeds are thick and flat.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & : 020-40043 \\
1 \text{ lb} & : 020-50043 \\
5 \text{ lb} & : 020-60043
\end{align*}
\]

Heirloom variety
Great for the 1st time gardener
Timeliness is essential for a good harvest. Sow beets in early spring or late summer. Plant 1/2 inch deep and keep well watered throughout the growing season. Sow beets thickly and then thin the plants several times, once when clusters are established and again when beets are about 4 inches tall. Allow enough space for each beet plant to have room for its roots. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-beets.aspx

**Crosby Egyptian**
Matures in 55 days
A top choice for home growers due to its early arrival in the garden plus its appealing red flesh, fine texture and sugary sweet taste. The smooth, round, flat shape with its slender taproot make it desirable as a bunching type that market growers will appreciate. The home gardener will appreciate its great freezing qualities.

1/2 oz.......020-20050
1/4 lb.......020-30050
1 lb..........020-50050

**Detroit Dark Red**
Matures in 58 days
A long-time favorite all-purpose garden beet. It’s early, freezes and cans well, and has flesh that is free of fiber. It has a uniform shape with a slim taproot and reddish hued tops that will make a tasty meal when young and tender. This beet has long been a hit because of its tender sweetness.

1/2 oz.......020-20051
1/4 lb.......020-30051
1 lb..........020-50051
5 lb..........020-60051

**Cylindra**
Matures in 60 days
This beet is uniquely shaped with a long cylindrical taproot that gives more delicious slices for the table or in the canning jar. Its flavor is exceptionally sweet and tender. A deep dark red, this is a great favorite of many home gardeners.

1/2 oz.......020-20055
1/4 lb.......020-30055
1 lb..........020-50055

**Detroit Supreme**
Matures in 64 days
Globe-shaped with blood-red flesh. Erect, medium-tall tops are glossy dark green tinged with maroon and are supported by a small crown. Heat resistant and tolerant of Cercospora leaf spot.

1/2 oz.......020-20054
1/4 lb.......020-30054
1 lb..........020-50054

**Red Ace Hybrid**
Matures in 53 days
Smooth, sweet root that resists “zoning” in warm weather and matures earlier than open-pollinated strains. Medium-sized crown with 13 to 15 inch tops. Heat resistant and tolerant of Cercospora leaf spot.

1/2 oz.......020-20053
1 lb..........020-50053

**Sugar Beet**
Matures in 95 days
These highly productive giant beets are valuable livestock feed. Oval to spindle-shaped roots up to 20 lbs. each, with white flesh. Contains less water and more sugar than other beets. Good for wildlife food plots. NOT INTENDED FOR DIRECT HUMAN CONSUMPTION.

1/4 lb.......020-30056
1 lb..........020-50056
Broccoli is a rewarding vegetable to grow and is best planted in soil rich with organic matter. The seed should be sown early in spring so the heads mature before hot weather, or in late summer for a fall crop. Thin broccoli so the plants are about 18 inches apart, keep weeded and well watered to promote steady growth and production. For more cultivation information: [www.southernstates.com/articles/how-to-grow-broccoli-cauliflower.aspx](http://www.southernstates.com/articles/how-to-grow-broccoli-cauliflower.aspx)

**Green Sprouting Calabrese**  
*Matures in 80 days*  
An open pollinated variety of broccoli with large blue-green central heads. It is a heavy producer with good side shoot production.  

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10068  
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30068

**Gypsy Hybrid**  
*Matures in 90 days*  
A medium-green hybrid with smooth, dome-shaped heads with medium-small beads that performs well under moderately warm conditions with overall uniformity. Gypsy has a strong root system and intermediate resistance to downy mildew.  

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10061  
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30061  
- 1 lb ........... 020-50061

© Heirloom variety © Great for the 1st time gardener
Cabbage comes in a variety of colors (green, red or purple) as well as a variety of head shapes. Choosing the proper variety for your area will make growing cabbage in the garden a relatively easy task. It is best to start seeds indoors by sowing them about 1/2 inch deep, and then transplant the plants to the garden. Place the plants in a location that receives full sun to slight shade. Early cabbage plants should be planted in the garden early in spring so the heads will mature prior to the heat of the summer. Late cabbage varieties can be planted in the summer to produce heads in the fall. You will want to space the plants about 12 to 24 inches apart. Fertilize and water the plants to ensure the best possible results. Harvest cabbage when the heads have formed and are firm. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-cabbage.aspx
Red Acre (Yellows-resistant)
Matures in 76-86 days
Compact, short stemmed plants produce hard, deep red/purple heads that are 5 to 7 inches and weigh 2 to 4 pounds. This variety is solid in the early stages, uniform in color, and resistant to splitting. Stands well and is a good red for storage.

1/4 oz ...... 020-10071
1/4 lb ...... 020-30071
1 lb ........ 020-50071

Savoy Perfection
Matures in 85 days
A flavorful crinkled leaf cabbage. Its head consists of loose leaves, which vary in color from dark green to light green containing lacy patterned veins. This unique cabbage type can add texture and interest to your garden.

1/4 oz...... 020-10072
1/4 lb...... 020-30072
1 lb ......... 020-50072

Stonehead Hybrid (Yellows-resistant)
Matures in 78 days
Compact blue-green plant is suitable for close spacing. Firm, round heads are 5 to 6 inches in diameter, weighing an average of 3 1/2 pounds. Excellent holding ability and fine texture.

1/4 oz ...... 020-10065
1/4 lb ...... 020-30065
Sow carrot seeds early in spring as soon as the ground is workable. The seed is very small and much easier to sow if mixed with sand or fine soil. Sow \( \frac{1}{2} \) inch deep in rows 1 foot apart. Thin while young, and again several times as they grow, ending with plants 2 inches apart. Carrot seeds need to be kept evenly moist as they are slow to germinate, sometimes taking several weeks. For best flavor, wait to harvest until carrots are deeply colored and fully matured. For more cultivation information: [www.southernstates.com/articles/how-to-grow-carrots.aspx](http://www.southernstates.com/articles/how-to-grow-carrots.aspx)

**Chantenay**

**Matures in 70 days**

An early carrot that does well even in heavy soil, due to its firm, chunky shape. Large, crisp and tender with deep orange coloring.

- \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz ....... 020-10080
- 1 lb ........... 020-50080

**Danvers Half-Long**

**Matures in 70 days**

Leading variety for storage. Well-suited to freezing. Slender, tapered roots are 6 to 7 inches long and bright orange.

- \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz ....... 020-10084
- \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb ........... 020-30084
- 1 lb ........... 020-50084

**Ingot Hybrid**

**Matures in 65 days**

A tasty variety high in beta-carotene. An early-maturing, smooth, long carrot bred for heavy, uniform yields. Deep orange cylindrical roots fill well to blunt tip.

- \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz ....... 020-10087
- \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb ........... 020-30087
- 1 lb ........... 020-50087

**Long Orange**

**Matures in 86 days**

This selection is used primarily for market gardens. It features long, tapered roots and deep orange coloring. Excellent quality.

- \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz ....... 020-10081
- 1 lb ........... 020-50081

**Little Finger**

**Matures in 65 days**

Even in heavy soils expect super sweet miniatures well suited to cooking whole. The bright orange cylinder has a blunt tip and is 4 inches long and \( \frac{3}{4} \) inch in diameter.

- \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz ....... 020-10082
- \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb ........... 020-30082

**Rainbow Blend**

**Matures in 70-80 days**

A colorful mixture of five varieties of baby carrots. Plant Atomic Red, Bambino (orange), Cosmic Purple, Lunar White, and Solar yellow to create perfect bunches of baby carrots. Great for all specialty and farming markets.

- \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz ....... 020-10088
- \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb ........... 020-30088
- 1 lb ........... 020-50088
Cucumbers are grouped into 2 categories: pickling and slicing. Depending on what you plan to do with your harvest, you will want to choose the right one. However, whichever type you choose, they will both need to be cared for in the same manner. Plant your seeds about 1 to 1½ inches deep in late spring or early summer, when all chances of frost have passed. You will want to plant them 36 to 48 inches apart, as cucumbers take up a lot of room in your garden. However, if space is an issue, you can put up some type of support and have the plant grow upright instead of along the ground. Cucumbers are susceptible to disease and insect damage, so you will need to monitor your plants regularly for any problems. Harvest cucumbers when fruit is still immature to maximize the number of cucumbers produced. Harvesting regularly can help to keep your plants producing for a longer period of time. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/how-to-grow-cucumbers.aspx

Calypso Hybrid
Matures in 51 days
Medium-green fruit is straight, well-shaped and has good tolerance to both northern and southern disease complexes. Vine is strong, vigorous and productive. A popular pickling cucumber.
1/4 oz......020-10125
1/4 lb......020-30125
1 lb.........020-50125

Early Spring Burpless Hybrid
Matures in 45 days
An early hybrid burpless cucumber. Produces 10 to 12 inch beautiful dark green, crisp fruit with a pleasingly sweet flavor. Continual yields result from compact semi-bush type plants. Disease tolerant.
1/4 oz.......020-10810
1/4 lb........020-30810
1 lb..........020-50810

Fancipak Hybrid
(Limited Quantity Available)
Matures in 52 days
Suited to pickling. Blocky, medium-green fruit. Medium to large, gynoecious plants with dense foliage. Tolerant of cucumber mosaic, anthracnose, angular leaf, downy and powdery mildews and scab.
1/4 oz......020-10406
1/4 lb........020-30406
15 M.........020-50406

Fanfare Hybrid
Matures in 63 days
An All-America Selections winner, Fanfare needs only a few feet of space for high yields of quality fruit. 8 to 9 inches long.
1/4 oz.......020-10805
1/4 lb.......020-30805
15 M.........020-50805

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Marketmore 76
Matures in 65 days
8 to 9 inches, this variety is excellent for slicing or salads. Semi-bush characteristics, disease resistance and season-long productivity.

1/4 oz ....... 020-10806
1/4 lb ........ 020-30806
1 lb .......... 020-50806

Saladmore Bush Hybrid
Matures in 55 days
A bush-type heavy producer of uniform fruits. Yields season-long and withstands powdery and downy mildews.

1/4 oz ....... 020-10811
1/4 lb ........ 020-30811
1 lb .......... 020-50811

National Pickling
Matures in 56 days
A black-spined pickling cucumber. The 6 inch fruit has a thin skin to absorb spices and flavorings.

1/2 oz ........ 020-20128
1/4 lb ........ 020-30128
1 lb ........... 020-50128

Poinsett 76
Matures in 60 days
Replaces the lower yielding Polaris variety. Long, dark green fruit is smooth with rounded ends. Vigorous vine with excellent resistance to downy mildew, powdery mildew and anthracnose.

1/2 oz ....... 020-20807
1/4 lb ........ 020-30807
1 lb .......... 020-50807
5 lb ............ 020-60807

Saladmore Bush Hybrid
Matures in 55 days
One of the 2014 All-America Selections (AAS) regional winners. The semi-bush vining plants produce sweet, crisp, dark green cucumbers. The variety exhibits multiple disease resistances. Additionally, it can be picked small for pickles or larger for fresh slicing. It will do best in full sun during the warm season. No staking required.

1/2 oz ....... 020-10811
1/4 lb ........ 020-30811
1 lb .......... 020-50811

Sweeter Yet Hybrid
Matures in 48 days
The cucumbers are 10 to 12 inches long, dark green with a thin skin. The taste is sweet with no bitterness. This early maturing burpless variety is an excellent addition to any garden.

1/4 oz ....... 020-10804
1/4 lb ........ 020-30804
1 lb .......... 020-50804

White Wonder
Matures in 60 days
These 5 to 7 inch fruits are greenish-white in color, and have a cylindrical shape with rounded ends. The perfect pickler.

1/2 oz ....... 020-20119
1 lb .......... 020-50119
Whether you prefer good old-fashioned spinach, or the more exotic flavor and look of swiss chard, it helps to know what conditions your greens prefer. Use the chart below to ensure all your greens grow strong to the finish.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>vegetable type</th>
<th>growing suggestions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>collards</strong></td>
<td>Plant collards in spring or make the most of their heat tolerance and stagger plantings by seeding the vegetable in June, July and August for a continuous supply. For the best flavor, the leaves should be picked while still tender.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>kale</strong></td>
<td>Kale cannot tolerate hot weather, but doesn’t mind the cold. In fact, it tastes even better when nipped by a frost. Sow early in spring in rows 2 or 3 feet apart. The vegetable may also be sown in October for spring use if covered with straw. Kale is rich in vitamins A and C, high in potassium, calcium and iron, and is a good source of fiber. It maintains flavor best when frozen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>mustard</strong></td>
<td>Sow seed thinly as early in the spring as weather permits, in rows about 1 foot apart. For late fall use, sow during August. 1 ounce sows 100 row feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>spinach</strong></td>
<td>Germinates best in nitrogen-rich soil that is rather cool. Sow 1 inch deep, covering firmly, in rows 1 foot apart or in beds for better use of space. For fall plantings, sow more thickly as germination is slower in warmer soil. Keep well-watered and weeded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>swiss chard</strong></td>
<td>Feeling a bit adventuresome? As soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, lay your rows 18 to 24 inches apart. Sow the seed immediately and cover with 1 inch of soil. Thin to allow 4 or 5 inches between plants. Harvest when plants reach 7 to 9 inches tall, using the outer leaves first to ensure always having young and tender leaves. Swiss chard will winter over in milder areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>turnips</strong></td>
<td>Turnips hit their peak just about the time other vegetables in the garden succumb to frost, but they can also be planted in the spring. In either case, turnips like frequent cultivation and temperatures under 75 degrees. To grow spring turnips for the roots rather than for greens, plant the seeds in hills located 12 to 18 inches apart and cover with ( \frac{1}{2} ) inch of soil. After they are up and growing, thin to 4 or 6 inches apart. If growing mainly for the tasty tops, however, sow thickly and don’t thin as much. Harvest while small for best flavor and texture. For a winter crop, sow in late July or early August in rows or just broadcast the seed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Georgia Southern
Matures in 80 days
Grows like cabbage. Withstands cold; flavor improved by frost. Used extensively for greens.

1/2 oz...........020-20095
1/4 lb..........020-30095
1 lb...........020-50095
5 lb...........020-60095

Morris Heading
Matures in 83 days
Short-stemmed plant is 30 to 34 inches high, with broad, wavy, medium-green leaves and moderately tight head. Slow bolting. Good for winter planting. Longer standing than Georgia.

1/2 oz...........020-20096
1/4 lb..........020-30096
1 lb...........020-50096

Vates
Matures in 75 days
Non-heading and slow to bolt, with mild flavored cabbage-like leaves. Frost resistant and winter-hardy in southern gardens.

1/2 oz...........020-20092
1/4 lb..........020-30092
1 lb...........020-50092
5 lb...........020-60092

Upland Cress
Matures in 50 days
Dark green, glossy leaves, spicy flavor. Also called “Creasy Greens”.

1/2 oz...........020-20148
1/4 lb...........020-30148
1 lb...........020-50148
5 lb...........020-60148

Dwarf Siberian (Curled)
Matures in 60 days
Used for home and market gardens, and freezing. Vigorous and hardy plant. Low and spreading, with large, thick, curly leaves.

1/2 oz...........020-20144
1/4 lb...........020-30144
1 lb...........020-50144
5 lb...........020-60144

Premier
Matures in 45 days
When over-wintered, the plants remain compact while developing new growing points on the main stem. This results in a higher production of foliage for spring harvest. Plants resist bolting 3 to 4 weeks longer. A vigorous growing, smooth-leaved variety with deep green foliage and scalloped edges.

1/2 oz...........020-20149
1/4 lb...........020-30149
1 lb...........020-50149
5 lb...........020-60149
Greens

Rape
Matures in 30 days
A cabbage-related plant that will persist well after the first frost. Leaves are sweet, tender and crunchy, especially when harvested after exposure to chilly weather.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-20141 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30141 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50141 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-60141 \\
\end{array}
\]

Spring
Matures in 30 days
Makes a fine salad when young and tender. Sometimes called Hanover Salad. Plant is hardy, smooth-leaved and quick-growing.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-20142 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30142 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50142 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-60142 \\
\end{array}
\]

Garden Greens Mix
Matures in 50 days
A combination of kale, mustard and turnips to produce a diverse ‘greens’ patch.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30899 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50899 \\
\end{array}
\]

MUSTARD

Florida Broadleaf
Matures in 50 days
A large, erect plant with vigorous growth habit. Popular variety featuring bright green leaves with cream colored midribs.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-20173 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30173 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50173 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-60173 \\
\end{array}
\]

Old Fashioned
Matures in 48 days
Sweet and tender healthy greens. Growth habit is semi-erect, with lush medium-dark green leaves that are decidedly serrated. Harvest promptly and often, as this is an early bolting mustard green.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-20171 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30171 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50171 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-60171 \\
\end{array}
\]

Giant Southern Curled
Matures in 60 to 70 days
Produces well throughout the growing season. An impressively large plant with oval-shaped leaves that curl and fringe on the edges. Bright medium green.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-20170 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30170 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50170 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-60170 \\
\end{array}
\]

Savannah Hybrid
Matures in 20 days
An exceptionally early producer, Savannah resists bolting better than open-pollinated types and adapts well to diverse conditions. Uniform and fast-growing, plants stand tall with round, thick, deep green leaves.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-10172 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30172 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50172 \\
\end{array}
\]

Tendergreen
Matures in 55 days
Mild mustard with spinach flavor. Large oblong leaves, very dark green in color, smooth, with slender, light center ribs.

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \ldots 020-20174 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-30174 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-50174 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \ldots 020-60174 \\
\end{array}
\]
Avon Hybrid Spinach
Matures in 20-25 days
Avon is a quick growing variety that prefers early spring or late summer. It is bolt tolerant and has dark green, elongated oval leaves with an upright plant habit. Well suited for baby leaf, fresh markets, home garden, and processors.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-20294 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30294 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50294
\end{align*}
\]

Bloomsdale Longstanding
Matures in 45 days
A beautiful variety with medium-large leaves that are rounded at the tips, crinkly and thick, and a shiny, rich green. A good choice for late spring or summer harvesting. Good freezing qualities.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-20292 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30292 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50292 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60292
\end{align*}
\]

Lucullus
Matures in 55 days
Stems are light green in color, broad and thick; leaves are light green and crumpled. Excellent for freezing.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-20310 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50310
\end{align*}
\]

Rhubarb
Matures in 60 days
This attractive 20 to 24 inch plant produces deep green leaves with red veins. Stems are bright red and slightly flattened.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-20194 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30194 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50194
\end{align*}
\]

Silverado
Matures in 60 days
Especially resistant to bolting, the plants are compact with eye-appealing dark green leaves and wide white stems. Harvest outer leaves first to keep plant producing throughout the season.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-20196 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50196
\end{align*}
\]

Alamo Hybrid
Matures in 45 days
In the southeast, this variety has shown excellent results for processors. Yields have been as high as 50% greater than standard varieties due to its vigorous regrowth. Processors like the excellent taste. This unique hybrid compares favorably for type to standard Turnip Greens, but with much more vigor. This variety shows excellent yields and regrowth ability.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10339 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30339 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50339 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60339
\end{align*}
\]
Amber Globe
Matures in 75 days
Sweet and fine-grained with pale yellow-white flesh. The 14 inch tops are robust and large, medium-green, and cut-leaved. The globe-shaped roots are 5 to 6 inches in diameter.

- 1/2 oz...... 020-20335
- 1/4 lb........ 020-30335
- 1 lb......... 020-50335
- 5 lb......... 020-60335

Purple-Top White Globe
Matures in 55 days
The classic turnip. Tops are medium-large, dark green and erect. Root is 4 to 5 inches in diameter and globe shaped. Bright purple on top and white below.

- 1/2 oz...... 020-20332
- 1/4 lb........ 020-30332
- 1 lb......... 020-50332
- 5 lb......... 020-60332

Royal Crest Hybrid
Matures in 55 days
Similar to the Purple-Top White Globe, Royal Crest offers improved uniformity and quality. Strong, deep colored greens and bright roots.

- 1/4 oz......... 020-10331
- 1/4 lb......... 020-30331
- 1 lb......... 020-50331

Seven Top
Matures in 40 days
Grown primarily for the tasty, nutritious tops as the root is very tough and non-edible. Harvest often when the tops are young and tender to promote regrowth.

- 1/2 oz...... 020-20333
- 1/4 lb........ 020-30333
- 1 lb......... 020-50333
- 5 lb......... 020-60333

Topper Hybrid
Matures in 35 days
Grown exclusively for the abundant, tasty, dark green leaves. Similar to Seven Top, the plant is erect and a very energetic producer.

- 1/4 oz....... 020-10336
- 1/4 lb........ 020-30336
- 1 lb.......... 020-50336

White Lady Hybrid
Matures in 35 to 45 days
The white flesh is very sweet and flavorful. Root is medium-sized with excellent color and uniform round shape.

- 1/4 oz....... 020-10338
- 1/4 lb........ 020-30338
- 1 lb.......... 020-50338
Many herbs can be grown successfully with minimum effort. When selecting an herb garden site choose one that is well drained with average soil fertility. If conditions are too wet herbs won’t grow too rich and the plants will produce excessive foliage with poor flavor. Herbs can be sown in containers or outdoors, covering lightly, but may need to be thinned after emergence depending on the location. Harvest mature herbs in the morning, just after the dew has dried, but before the sun gets hot to maximize concentration of essential oils and thus flavor.

**Basil**

Matures in 45 days

Basil is a popular and often used herb. Besides being wonderfully aromatic, the lush dark green leaves are a nice contrast in the garden and can easily be preserved.

1/4 oz ........ 020-10217
1/4 lb .......... 020-30217

**Arugula**

Matures in 15 days (baby leaf) or 30 days (full plant)

Roquette arugula is a slow bolting annual with stalks and lobed leaves that are mild in flavor. Plants grow 8 to 10 inches tall and are commonly used in baby leaf and braising mixes.

1/4 oz ........ 020-10216
1/4 lb .......... 020-30216

**Coriander**

(Cilantro)

Matures in 42 days

Coriander and cilantro are actually the same herb. The seed form, coriander, is one of the oldest known herbs. The foliage referred to as Chinese parsley or cilantro is an essential spice in many ethnic dishes and highly attractive to bees and other pollinators. Harvest seeds once brown and dry well for jar storage. Leaves do not dry well, but may be frozen in freezer bags.

1/4 oz ........ 020-10215

**Dill**

Matures in 50 days

Dill is easy to grow with attractive feathery foliage that can be tasty in a number of dishes. The herb is self-seeding, so expect volunteer plants in subsequent seasons. Dill is also a favorite food of caterpillars that will become beautiful butterflies. Seeds can be rubbed clean, air-dried and stored in jars until needed.

1/4 oz ........ 020-10212
1/4 lb .......... 020-30212

**Forest Green Parsley**

Matures in 70 days

Leaves are finely cut with a triple curl, making it superior for garnish. Plants are erect and vigorous.

1/4 oz ........ 020-10211
1/4 lb .......... 020-30211
Lettuce have small root systems and require a good supply of nutrients in the surface soil. The soil pH range for lettuce is between 6.0 and 7.0. Try to select a plot that is well drained and moist rather than soggy. Seed leaf lettuce 8 to 12 inches apart in rows that are 12 to 24 inches apart and seed head lettuce 12 to 15 inches apart in rows that are 30 to 42 inches apart. Both varieties will be happy being planted 1/4 of an inch to 3/8 of an inch deep. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-lettuce.aspx

Black-Seeded Simpson

Matures in 43 days
Renowned for its rapid growth, this is a large, upright and compact plant. Leaves are curled, crisp and light green.

1/2 oz........ 020-20153
1/4 lb........ 020-30153
1 lb........... 020-50153
5 lb........... 020-60153

Grand Rapids

Matures in 43 days
A non-heading lettuce noted for its large, crisp, light green leaves, attractively curled and fringed. A superior choice for greenhouse owners and as an early market variety when seeds have been sown outside.

1/2 oz........ 020-20150
1 lb.......... 020-50150

Iceberg

Matures in 82 days
Perhaps the most used salad green, the medium-large heads are dense, solid and crisp. A true classic.

1/2 oz....... 020-20155
1/4 lb....... 020-30155
1 lb .......... 020-50155

Paris Island Cos

Matures in 83 days
Romaine type lettuce with light green outer leaves form elongated, tightly folded heads about 10 inches tall. Heart leaves are greenish white and have endive-like flavor.

1/4 oz........ 020-10159
1/4 lb........ 020-30159
1 lb .......... 020-50159
Red Romaine
28 Days to maturity for baby leaf, 50-52 days to maturity for full head
A colorful, tart addition to any salad, this gourmet variety produces 10-12 inch heads. Color varies from green to deep red to bronze. Dark color develops best in cool weather.

1/4 oz..........020-10143
1/4 lb..........020-30143
1 lb ...........020-50143

Red Sails
Matures in 55 days
An All-America Selections winner, Red Sails is large-headed with very attractive maroon-tinged outer leaves. This outstanding loose leaf lettuce is slow to bolt and tolerates heat well.

1/4 oz........020-10152
1/4 lb ..........020-30152
1 lb ...........020-50152

Salad Bowl
Matures in 50 days
This variety withstands heat well. Medium-sized and compact with bright green lobed leaves.

1/2 oz........020-20157
1/4 lb ..........020-30157
1 lb ...........020-50157
Melons

When growing melons, weather is key. The warmer it is, the sweeter the melons will be. Plant melons in late spring to early summer, when air and soil are very warm. It will help to use plenty of compost or manure, then cover with black plastic. Transplanted seedlings can be placed into holes punched in the plastic if necessary. Sow 1/2 inch deep in hills that are 6 to 8 feet apart. For cantaloupes and muskmelons, plant 10 to 12 seeds per hill, then thin to 4 plants each. Plant only 6 to 8 seeds per hill for watermelon, and thin as needed. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-melons.aspx

CANTALOUPE

Athena Hybrid
Matures in 80 days
Strong yields of 5 to 7 pound fruit with coarse netting. Fruit is 7 inches long by 61/2 inches high, and oval with firm flesh and a small seed cavity. The vigorous vines are tolerant to fusarium wilt races 0, 1 and 2. Resists powdery mildew race 1 and tolerates race 2.
1/4 oz ....... 020-10858
1/4 lb ....... 020-30858
15 M ....... 020-50858

Banana
Matures in 80 days
The long, tapered shape and color give this melon its name. Often reaching 18 inches and weighing 4 to 5 pounds, this variety has a light yellow hue and smooth texture. Flesh is a traditional orange color.
1/2 oz ...... 020-20164
1/4 lb ...... 020-30164
1 lb ......... 020-50164

Burpee Hybrid
Matures in 82 days
Classic hybrid with a well-deserved reputation for outstanding flavor. Slightly oval fruits are ribbed, heavily netted, and measure 7 inches long, 6 inches across and weigh 41/2 pounds each. Flesh is deep orange, thick, firm and juicy.
1/4 oz ....... 020-10859
1/4 lb ....... 020-30859
15 M ....... 020-50859

Hearts of Gold Improved
Matures in 92 days
The very small seed cavity is surrounded by thick, firm, sweet flesh, deep golden in color. Fruit is well rounded, netted and measures about 51/2 inches in diameter.
1/2 oz ...... 020-20161
1/4 lb ...... 020-30161
1 lb ......... 020-50161

Improved Rocky Ford
Matures in 88 days
This unique green-fleshed melon adds variety when presented with traditional melons. Fruits are about 51/2 inches long and 5 inches in diameter, almost round with distinctively netted exterior.
1/2 oz ...... 020-20160
1/4 lb ...... 020-30160
1 lb ......... 020-50160

Hales Best Jumbo
Matures in 85 days
Fruit grows approximately 71/2 inches in diameter, slightly striped, ribbed and well-netted with deep salmon flesh.
1/2 oz ....... 020-20166
1/4 lb ...... 020-30166
1 lb ......... 020-50166

Classic Hybrid
Matures in 86 days
High quality with firm, deep, salmon flesh. 7 inches long by 51/2 inches high, weighing 4 to 41/2 pounds. Resists powdery mildew and fusarium wilt.
1/4 oz ....... 020-10162

© Heirloom variety © Great for the 1st time gardener
Sweet Delight
Matures in 85 days
If you want high quality melons at an open pollinated price, Sweet Delight PVP is for you. Pale green, smooth rind and firm green flesh make this a good 85 day honeydew for long distance shipping. Tolerates fusarium wilt and applications of sulfur.

- 1/4 oz ........ 020-10163
- 1/4 lb......... 020-30163
- 1 lb ........... 020-50163

Congo
Matures in 95 days
Weighing in at 35 to 40 pounds, Congo has a very tough rind that will resist bruising. Delicious, sweet flesh that is bright red toward the center. A hearty producer of high-quality oblong melons. Resists anthracnose.

- 1/2 oz ........ 020-20346
- 1 lb ........... 020-50346

Crimson Sweet
Matures in 85 days
High on flavor, the fairly large fruit has distinct stripes of medium dark green on a base of bright green. Flesh is fine-textured, bright red and sweet, with small seeds. Bottom side of the fruit turns from white to cream as it matures. Resists fusarium wilt and anthracnose.

- 1/2 oz ...... 020-20351
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30351
- 1 lb .......... 020-50351

Fiesta Hybrid
Matures in 88 days
Similar to Sangria in striping and interior quality, but blockier and larger in diameter. Sugars in excess of 11 percent. Averages 24 pounds. Resists fusarium wilt, race 0 and tolerates fusarium wilt, race 1 and anthracnose, race 1.

- 1/4 oz ...... 020-10369
Melons

Florida Giant
Matures in 90 days
Also known as Cannon Ball or Black Diamond, this variety is one of the best nearly round melons. Growing up to 45 pounds, Florida Giant is deep green with bright red flesh. An all-purpose favorite.

1/2 oz .......... 020-20349
1/4 lb .......... 020-30349
1 lb ........... 020-50349

Jubilee
Matures in 95 days
Developed for its resistance to fusarium wilt and race 1 anthracnose, the long, faintly grooved fruit is light green with distinct dark green stripes. Grows to about 35 pounds. Flesh is bright red with black, stippled seeds.

1/2 oz .......... 020-20362
1/4 lb .......... 020-30362
1 lb ........... 020-50362

Sangria Hybrid
Matures in 87 days
The first All Sweet-type hybrid, this variety delivers good yields of elongated fruits weighing 22 to 26 pounds. Attractive striping and superior color and flavor. Seeds are medium-sized.

1/4 oz .......... 020-10367

Sugarbaby
Matures in 75 days
A small, round variety weighs about 8 pounds. Striped rind covers medium-red flesh that is fine-textured and sweet. Seeds very small and not excessive.

1/2 oz .......... 020-20350
1/4 lb .......... 020-30350
1 lb ........... 020-50350

Improved Kleckley Sweet
Matures in 85 days
A large cylindrical melon that weighs about 35 pounds. This white-seeded variety’s thin, strong rind makes slicing easy and its deep, dark green color is an attractive contrast to the juicy, red, fine-textured flesh.

1/2 oz .......... 020-20341
1 lb ........... 020-50341

Heirloom variety  Great for the 1st time gardener
One of the greatest rewards of gardening comes from growing vegetables that aren’t always available in the average supermarket. The chart below offers some advice on making sure you have above-average success with these fun crops.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>vegetable type</th>
<th>growing suggestions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>cauliflower</strong></td>
<td>Plant seeds in hot bed or flats early in spring but sow the seed sparingly and cover lightly with ( \frac{1}{4} ) inch of fine soil. Transfer the cauliflower to the garden when the plants are about 5 inches high and place in rows that are 2( \frac{1}{2} ) feet apart with the plants 2 feet apart. Cauliflower likes a rich soil and steady moisture and monthly feedings with a nitrogen-rich fertilizer. For the best flavor, harvest when heads are still white. To keep heads white, pull some of the larger leaves up over the heads and fasten with a rubber band or string.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>eggplant</strong></td>
<td>Start the seeds in hot beds, then transfer to pots to allow for stockiness before moving to the garden. The ground needs to be very warm and rich with organic matter and they need to be placed in full sun with 3 feet between each plant. Supplement with a well-balanced fertilizer once a month and keep roots cool and moist with an application of mulch when plants are 8 to 10 inches tall. Harvest while skin still has a glossy look. Once it begins to dull, it is overripe and will be spongy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>parsnips</strong></td>
<td>Parsnips are a root vegetable, and soil condition definitely influences their appearance. For a better-shaped parsnip, be sure to plant in soil that is fine and loose. Thinly sow the seed in shallow rows that are no more than ( \frac{3}{4} ) inch deep, and when the plants have emerged and are vigorously growing, thin them to 4 to 5 inches apart. Sow in early spring and be patient as parsnips are slow-growing. To bring out the best flavor after harvesting, store them just above freezing for several weeks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>rutabaga</strong></td>
<td>Rutabagas, also known as “yellow turnips,” are old-fashioned root vegetables. Sow the seed in rows that are 12 to 18 inches apart, covering with ( \frac{1}{2} ) inch of soil. Once the plants are up and thriving, thin so they are spaced 4 to 6 inches apart. Rutabagas prefer cooler temperatures and if you attempt to grow them in very hot weather they become woody. As with other root vegetables, harvest while young for best flavor and texture.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**CAULIFLOWER**

**Snowball Y Cauliflower**
Matures in 55 days
Large, strong leaves wrap up and over the medium-to-large heads of this improved early variety to help keep the heads an attractive snowy white.

1/4 oz......020-10190
1/4 lb.......020-30190

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**GOURD**

**Hollow Crown**
Matures in 130 days
A strong and dynamic root vegetable that improves in taste only after 1 or 2 frosts. Measuring about 12 inches long, 3 inches in diameter, it tapers to a smooth point. The tasty flesh is fine-textured and snowy white.

1/4 oz......020-10222
1/4 lb.......020-30222
1 lb .........020-50222

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**EGGPLANT**

**Black Beauty Eggplant**
Matures in 83 days
Adapted to freezing. Plant is 24 to 30 inches tall, erect, compact, with large leaves, and bears between 4 and 6 fruits that are deep, purplish black and smooth.

1/4 oz......020-10130
1/4 lb.......020-30130

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**PARSNIIPS**

**American Purple-Top Yellow**
Matures in 90 days
Tender and not stringy. The outer skin is purple at the crown and creamy yellow at the bottom. Large size and good keeping qualities.

1/4 oz......020-20270
1/4 lb.......020-30270
1 lb .........020-50270

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**RUTABAGA**

**Mixed Large and Small**
Matures in 85 days
Special mixture of small- and large-type gourds. For best results, seeds should be sown to avoid thinning so that slower growing types are not eliminated from the mixture.

1/4 oz......020-10876
1/4 lb.......020-30876

---

**SALSIFY**

**Mammoth Sandwich Island**
Matures in 150 to 180 days
Produces large, uniform, smooth, creamy white roots. Good for winter storage.

1/4 oz......020-10280
1/4 lb.......020-30280

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© Heirloom variety  © Great for the 1st time gardener
Sow okra late in the spring or early summer after the ground becomes warm. Cover seed 1 inch deep in rows that are 3 feet apart. Thin so plants are spaced 12 to 18 inches apart. Okra grows very quickly and should be harvested frequently. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-okra.aspx

**Clemson Spineless**

*Matures in 55 days*

Standard variety 6 to 7 inch pods.

- ½ oz.......020-20182
- ¼ lb.......020-30182
- ½ lb.......020-40182
- 1 lb.......020-50182
- 5 lb.......020-60182

**Jambalaya**

*Matures in 55 days*

An early maturing variety that boasts a very compact plant with small leaves. It offers high yields of very uniform, shiny, dark green pods.

- ¼ oz.......020-10181
- ¼ lb.......020-30181
- 1 lb.......020-50181

**Perkins**

*Matures in 60 days*

Plants are heavy with lush foliage, reaching heights of 3½ to 4½ feet. Slender dark green pods are 7 to 8 inches long, well-tapered and ribbed.

- ½ oz.......020-20180
- ¼ lb.......020-30180
- 1 lb.......020-50180

**Dwarf-Stalk Long Green**

*Matures in 50 days*

This compact variety arrives early. Plants are 2½ to 3 feet tall and sturdy. The 7 inch pods are very tender when young and are dark green and ribbed.

- ½ oz.......020-20183
- ¼ lb.......020-30183
- 1 lb.......020-50183
Onion sets are small ‘baby’ onions (bulbs) that are used to grow green onions and/or dry onions. They are planted in gardens in late fall or early spring and in 4 to 5 weeks you will have green onions. If left to fully mature you will have dry onions in late July or early August.

**Red Onions (Sets)**
Dark burgundy skin and an internal red color. Mild onion that is great for salads.

1 lb ..........021-80050

**White Onions (Sets)**
Good for green onions, as well as a slicing onion.

1 lb ..........021-80030

**Yellow Onions (Sets)**
Good for green onions, as well as an all purpose cooking variety.

1 lb ..........021-80010

**Candy Hybrid**

AVAILABLE AS SEED
Matures in 85 days
A hybrid day length neutral yellow cooking onion that can be spring seeded in all areas of the U.S. It is less pungent than other cooking types and will store well if properly cured.

1/4 oz .......020-10385
1/4 lb .......020-30385
1 lb ........020-50385
Peas are not only delicious; they are nutritious and easy to grow. Pea varieties consist of three basic types: shelling peas, snap peas and snow peas. The growing requirements for each are very similar. When locating your rows, look for an area that receives full sun. Plant the seeds 1 to 2 inches deep and cover with soil, lightly tamping it down over the seeds. Peas don’t thrive in hot weather; they grow best in spring and summer when daytime temperatures average between 60 to 75 degrees. For more cultivation information: [www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-peas.aspx](http://www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-peas.aspx)

**Alaska**
Matures in 54 days
Widely used for canning. Wilt-resistant vines are 26 inches tall, slender and light green. Pods are 2 3/4 inches long, smooth and blunt.

- 1/2 lb: 020-40231
- 1 lb: 020-50231
- 5 lb: 020-60231

**Green Arrow**
Matures in 70 days
Green Arrow has long pods with 9 to 11 bright green peas per pod. The peas are sweet and slightly wrinkled. Mildew resistant.

- 1/2 lb: 020-40733
- 1 lb: 020-50733
- 5 lb: 020-60733

**Frosty**
Matures in 64 days
A top choice for freezing. Energetic vines grow to 28 inches tall, with long, dark green 3 1/2 inch pods containing up to 8 sweet peas.

- 1/2 lb: 020-40236
- 1 lb: 020-50236
- 5 lb: 020-60236

**Knight**
Matures in 61 days
A good early pea, Knight shows tolerance to common wilt diseases and powdery mildew. Produces 7 or 8 large peas per pod on 24 inch vines.

- 1/2 lb: 020-40734
- 1 lb: 020-50734
- 5 lb: 020-60734

**Laxton’s Progress No. 9**
Matures in 64 days
This variety is suitable for freezing. Vines are 15 inches tall, dark green and sturdy. Pods measure 4 to 4 1/2 inches and are long, dark green, pointed and borne singly. Susceptible to wilt.

- 1/2 lb: 020-40235
- 1 lb: 020-50235
- 5 lb: 020-60235

**Dwarf Gray**
*Sugar*
Matures in 65 days
This edible-podded variety is wilt resistant. Vines are 24 to 30 inches tall. Hardy, prolific and resistant to fusarium wilt. Dry seed is small, smooth, round and mottled, reddish-gray in color.

- 1/2 lb: 020-40234
- 1 lb: 020-50234
- 5 lb: 020-60234

**MOST PEAS & COWPEAS AVAILABLE IN 50 LB. BAGS**

*Denotes edible pods*
Sugar Snap* ①  
Matures in 64 days  
Winner of the All America Selections Committee’s Gold Medal Award. Pick the delicious, tender and crisp pods when young and eat whole, pod and peas, raw, with a dip, stir-fried, or cooked lightly as you would green beans. Care: Provide support as vines grow 4 to 6 feet tall. Water by soaking soil to reduce danger of disease.  
½ lb........020-40731  
1 lb..........020-50731  
5 lb.........020-60731

Tall Telephone (Alderman) ②  
(Limited Quantity Available)  
Matures in 78 days  
Vigorous vines are 60 to 70 inches tall. Pods are 5 to 5½ inches long, medium-dark green, pointed and slightly curved. Large, wrinkled seed. This old-fashioned variety is susceptible to wilt.  
½ lb........020-40233  
1 lb ..........020-50233  
5 lb..........020-60233

Super Sugar Snap  
Matures in 64 days  
An outstanding early snap pea. Full double pods provide heavy yields with super crispy, sweet taste. Vines grow up to 60” tall. Resistant to powdery mildew.  
½ lb........020-40738  
1 lb..........020-50738  
5 lb.........020-60738  
*Denotes edible pods

Wando ③  
Matures in 66 days  
Dependable and prolific, Wando has a tolerance for weather extremes that allows planting early or late. Pods are 3½ inches long, dark green and well-filled. Vines are 28 inches tall, sturdy and filled with dark green foliage. An excellent choice for freezing or canning.  
½ lb..........020-40703  
1 lb..........020-50703  
5 lb.........020-60703

Thomas Laxton  
Matures in 61 days  
A classic variety with unsurpassed freezing qualities. Vines are wilt-resistant, 30 inches tall, and lush medium green. Dark green pods are 3½ inches long and straight with blunt ends.  
½ lb........020-40230  
1 lb ..........020-50230  
5 lb..........020-60230

Big Boy  
Matures in 60-65 days  
A prolific, bush-type variety that is good for the home garden. Big Boy produces a long, light tan pod and cream-colored seeds that are large, flat, and wrinkled with a buff-brown or maroon eye.  
½ lb........020-40711  
1 lb..........020-50711  
5 lb.........020-60711

California Blackeye No. 46  
Matures in 90 days  
Typical blackeye type seeds (cream with a black eye), smaller than those produced by the California Blackeye #5 variety. Strong yielder that is good for canning.  
½ lb..........020-40722  
1 lb..........020-50722  
5 lb.........020-60722

All Cowpeas are subject to crop availability. Inventory may not be available until mid-March.

COWPEAS

WWW.SOUTHERNSTATES.COM
Colossus Crowder
Matures in 65 days
Large pod and large, light brown seed. Provides easy harvest and shelling.

- 1/2 lb........020-40724
- 1 lb.........020-50724
- 5 lb..........020-60724

Dixielee Crowder
Matures in 64 days
Pods are located well off the ground for easy picking. Short maturity allows for 2 crops in a single growing season.

- 1/2 lb......020-40719
- 1 lb..........020-50719
- 5 lb.........020-60719

Knuckle Purplehull
Matures in 60-65 days
Large seeded brown crowder pea that produces short purple pods that resemble knuckles when full of pods. Good for fresh market, canning or freezing. Semi-vining plants.

- 1/2 lb.......020-40727
- 1 lb........020-50727
- 5 lb.........020-60727

Mississippi Silverskin
Matures in 60-65 days
Large seeded brown crowder with beautiful pale green silvery pods at green shell stage and light straw-color pods when dry. Low bushy plant with few runners.

- 1/2 lb........020-40720
- 1 lb.........020-50720
- 5 lb..........020-60720

Pinkeye Purplehull
Matures in 85 days
This easy-shelling, flavorful pea does well in home gardens and can be used as a green or dry pea.

- 1/2 lb........020-40728
- 1 lb........020-50728
- 5 lb.........020-60728

Purplehull Big Boy
Matures in 60-65 days
A prolific, bush-type variety that is good for the home garden. Produces cream-colored seeds similar to the Big Boy variety except that the pods (hulls) are purple.

- 1/2 lb........020-40712
- 1 lb.........020-50712
- 5 lb..........020-60712
Peas

Queen Anne Blackeye
Matures in 69 days
Bushy and compact vine with no basal runners. Color of mature pods is light straw. Seeds have attractive bright appearance when dry.

- ½ lb .......... 020-40729
- 1 lb .......... 020-50729
- 5 lb .......... 020-60729

Texas Cream 40
Matures in 65 days
This variety was originally developed by crossing an extra early blackeye and a mid-season cream pea. Plants are bushy with long cream-colored pods that develop above the foliage. Peas are light green in color.

- ½ lb .......... 020-40710
- 1 lb .......... 020-50710
- 5 lb .......... 020-60710

Zipper
Matures in 66 days
This large, easy-shelling cream pea with high yields is delicious and great for the home gardener. Its name comes from the ease at which the “string” can be pulled like a zipper to release the peas from the pod. Plants are low and bushy and pods are medium green.

- ½ lb .......... 020-40708
- 1 lb .......... 020-50708
- 5 lb .......... 020-60708

Top Pick Pinkeye
Matures in 50 days
Newer, improved pinkeye. Pods are placed at the top of the plant for easy mechanical or hand picking. Upright bush type plant grows to 18 to 26 inches tall. Pods are easy to shell and are a light purple color when ready to pick.

- ½ lb .......... 020-40705
- 1 lb .......... 020-50705
- 5 lb .......... 020-60705
Peppers can be grown in a wide variety of situations and respond well to production in containers. Ensure that the soil has been treated with a suitable low nitrogen fertilizer (such as 5-10-10 or 10-10-10) and keep the plants well watered until established. Peppers favor a slightly acidic soil with a pH range between 5.8 and 6.5 giving the best results. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-peppers.aspx

California Wonder

*Matures in 74 days*
Sweet and mild, this thick-walled variety is dark green, shiny and 4 to 4 1/2 inches long. When fully mature, fruits turn scarlet red and very sweet. The strong plants are dynamic growers.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10243 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30243
\end{align*}
\]

Hungarian Yellow Wax

*Matures in 65 days*
For canning, pickling or use in spicy dishes. 6 inches long and 1 1/2 inches thick at the shoulders. Yellow at first, they turn fiery red. Plants are 18 to 22 inches tall.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10246 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30246
\end{align*}
\]

Jalapeño M

*Matures in 75 days*
The hot 3 inch fruit ripens from green to brilliant red. The brightly colored peppers add zest to salsa and make for an attractive dried display in the kitchen.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10239 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30239 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50239
\end{align*}
\]

Pimento

*Matures in 74 days*
A leading canning variety. Plant is 30 inches tall, upright and produces fruit 3 1/2 inches long and 2 1/2 inches in diameter. Rich green in color, turning to crimson when ripe. Thick flesh, mild flavor.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10241 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30241
\end{align*}
\]

Long Red Cayenne

*Matures in 70 days*
Recommended for canning, drying and pickling. Plant is 24 to 30 inches tall, upright and vigorous. Fruit is 4 1/2 to 5 inches in length, 1/2 inch in diameter at the shoulder, tapered to point, thin, slender, twisted and very hot.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10245 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30245
\end{align*}
\]

Sweet Banana

*Matures 70 days after transplanting*
Ideal for pickling. Fruit is 5 to 6 inches long, medium-thin, light yellow-to-red, tapering to a point. Plant has continuous fruiting habit.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10240 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30240
\end{align*}
\]
Potatoes should be planted from March to May, leaving 12 inches in between plants in a row. Allow 2½ to 3 feet between rows. The plants have reached optimum maturity for harvesting when the tops begin to die back. Availability may vary by store.

**Cobbler**
Matures early season
Early, tablestock. Excellent for boiling and baking. Tubers are brick-shaped with deep eyes, buff colored, often netted skin, white flesh. Subject to mishapen tubers under poor growing conditions.
1 lb .......... 021-80231

**Kennebec**
Matures mid-season
Produces a high yield of large oblong tubers with thin smooth tan skin and white flesh. On the tablestock market, its reputation for good culinary quality is well known. Excellent for baking, boiling, chipping and frying.
1 lb .......... 021-80211

**Pontiac**
Matures late season
Mid-season tablestock that is high yielding. Tubers round to oblong, medium deep eyes, dark red skin, sometimes netted, white flesh, drought tolerant. Susceptible to potato virus Y, bruising and scab.
1 lb .......... 021-80271

**Katahdin**
Matures mid-season
Matures medium to late with medium to high yields. Consistent performance as a tablestock potato. Round to oblong tubers with a buff, smooth skin and creamy white flesh. A premium fresh market potato. Excellent for baking and boiling.
1 lb .......... 021-80221

**Norlands**
Matures early season
Widely adapted, early maturing variety. Tubers are excellent for boiling and frying. The oblong shape of the tuber is smooth, flattened, and medium red in color with white flesh.
1 lb .......... 021-80291

**Yukon Gold**
Matures mid-early season
Mid-season tablestock with yellow flesh. Tubers oval, shallow pink eyes, yellowish-buff skin, and light yellow flesh. Resistant to potato virus A, and potato leafroll virus.
1 lb .......... 021-80421
Pumpkins

Give your pumpkin patch plenty of space and prepare your bed early, around March/April for May/June planting. Pumpkins do well in a pH neutral soil between 6.0 and 6.5. Plant seeds about 2 inches deep in holes around 2 to 3 feet apart. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-pumpkins.aspx

Big Max
Matures in 120 days
Huge pumpkins up to 70 inches around often weigh 100 pounds or more, if given plenty of moisture, fertilizer and space. Bright orange skin covers 4 inches thick bright yellow-orange flesh. Delicious for pies.

1/2 oz ...... 020-20839
1/4 lb ...... 020-30839
1 lb ........ 020-50839

Dill’s Atlantic Giant
Matures in 125 to 130 days
The grand-daddy of all giant pumpkins. Present day record for this amazing variety is now over 1,300 pounds and produces 400 to 500 pound fruit consistently with proper growing procedures. The only one to grow for giant pumpkin contests and international competitions. Perfect for huge jack-o-lanterns and fall displays.

1/2 oz ...... 020-20851
1/4 lb ...... 020-30851
1 lb ........ 020-50851

Challenger PMR
Matures in 100 days
Produces fruit with deep ribbing, thick green sturdy handle, and dark orange color reaching 22 to 27 pounds. The variety exhibits reduced vine growth and high resistance to powdery mildew. Produces an average of 2 fruits per plant.

1/4 oz ...... 020-10855
1/4 lb ...... 020-30855
1 lb ........ 020-50855

Connecticut Field
Matures in 100 days
Produces uniform 8 to 10 inch high fruit, 12 inches in diameter. Deep orange fruit weighs 12 to 16 pounds and has shallow ribs.

1/2 oz ...... 020-20259
1/4 lb ...... 020-30259
1 lb ........ 020-50259

Harvest Gold Hybrid
Matures in 98 days
Popular with both home gardeners and commercial growers, this variety has a precocious gene that causes the pumpkin to begin with a yellow color and turn golden orange at maturity. This unique gene, along with the early maturity, gives a quicker harvest.

1/4 oz ...... 020-10817
1/4 lb ...... 020-30817
1 lb ........ 020-50817
Pumpkins

Howden
Matures in 105 days
1/4 oz......020-10850
1/4 lb......020-30850
1 lb ..........020-50850

Jack Be Little
Matures in 90 days
A popular miniature variety well-suited for decorative arrangements. Measuring only 2 inches by 3 inches, fruit will last about 8 months if properly “cured.” Plant averages 8 mini pumpkins.
1/4 oz......020-10257
1/4 lb......020-30257
1 lb ..........020-50257

Jack-O-Lantern
Matures in 110 days
Great for Halloween, but also for pies and canning. About 10 inches long and 8 inches in diameter. Deep yellow with hard rind. Coarse-textured flesh, sweet and thick. Very uniform.
1/4 oz......020-20254
1/4 lb......020-30254
1 lb ..........020-50254

Lumina
Matures in 100 days
This novel white pumpkin is excellent for carving or painting. 8 to 10 inches high and flattened, weighing about 12 pounds. May have some blue on the rind under certain conditions. Interior flesh is orange.
1/4 oz......020-10847
1/4 lb......020-30847
1 lb ..........020-50847

Mammoth Gold
Matures in 120 days
One of the largest of all pumpkins, this variety averages 60 pounds, but can reach 100 pounds under optimum growing conditions. Fruit is about 20 inches long by 24 inches in diameter, with slightly grooved and mottled yellow-orange rind.
1/2 oz......020-20250
1/4 lb......020-30250
1 lb ..........020-50250

Mini Harvest Blend Hybrid
Matures in 90-100 days
Multi-colored edible selection of three ornamental mini-pumpkins that includes Bumpkin (semi-bush plants producing orange fruit with strong stems), Gooligan (vigorous vines producing white fruit), and Hooligan (produces a bicolored fruit that is mottled with orange and white). Grows best in full sun.
1/4 oz......020-10248
1/4 lb......020-30248
1 lb ..........020-50248

Small Sugar
Matures in 115 days
Also known as New England Pie, the sweet fruit is unsurpassed for baking. About 6 pounds, 8 inches deep and 10 inches in diameter. Dark orange with faint grooves. Slightly flat ends.
1/2 oz......020-20252
1/4 lb......020-30252
1 lb ..........020-50252

Striped Cushaw
Matures in 115 days
Attractive coloration consists of smooth white skin and green mottled stripes on fruits that are 20 inches long, 9 inches in diameter, and weigh about 12 pounds. Flesh is thick, solid and yellow. A versatile variety.
1/2 oz......020-20251
1/4 lb......020-30251
1 lb ..........020-50251

Wee Be Little
Matures in 95 days
An All-America Selections winner for 1999, this deep orange miniature fruit is easy to grow. Plants spread to only 6 or 8 feet.
1/4 oz ......020-10841
1/4 lb ......020-30841
1 lb ..........020-50841

© Heirloom variety  ☀ Great for the 1st time gardener
Cherry Belle
Matures in 22 days
Noted for great taste, color, shape and texture, the uniform, round root is bright cherry red with a crunchy white interior that is mild and sweet. Short tops make this a good choice for hot beds or greenhouse forcing. An All-America Selections bronze medal winner.

1/2 oz...... 020-20264
1 lb ........ 020-50264

Easter Egg Blend
Matures in 28 days
This multi-line hybrid produces white, red, purple, pink and violet-colored roots with excellent flavor and interior quality. Tops are medium height, medium green and strap-leaved.

1/2 oz...... 020-20265
1/4 lb....... 020-30265

Scarlet Globe
Matures in 22 days
Perhaps the most popular radish, it is very adaptable for forcing under glass. Olive shape, smooth, thin taproot. Bright scarlet color, tender white flesh.

1/2 oz ...... 020-20260
1 lb ........ 020-50260

Cool weather is essential for good quality radishes since they become pithy in hot weather. Sow seed 1/4 inch deep in 12 inch or wider rows in early spring or early fall. Thin once the seedlings emerge to allow 2 to 3 inches between plants. Several small plantings can be made at weekly intervals to lengthen harvest duration. Pull radishes out of the soil in a timely manner when roots are 1/2 to 1 inch in diameter. Under proper harvest conditions they will keep up to a month in the refrigerator once cleaned and trimmed. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-radishes.aspx
White Chinese (Celestial)
Matures in 55 days
An all-season variety, but particularly adapted for winter use. Flesh is firm, crisp and quite pungent. Large roots with blunt base. Average length is 7 inches with a shoulder diameter of 2½ inches.
½ oz ....... 020-20268
1 lb .......... 020-50268

White Icicle
Matures in 27 days
Mild, sweet, crisp and snowy white inside and out. Smooth, slender, well-tapered and 5 to 6 inches long. A prolific producer with short tops. A good variety for forcing.
½ oz ....... 020-20263
1 lb .......... 020-50263

White-Tipped Scarlet
Matures in 25 days
Closely resembling a turnip in coloration with its crimson red top and a distinctly pristine white tip. Flesh is decidedly crispy and clearly white. Nicely rounded with a slender taproot.
½ oz ....... 020-20261
1 lb .......... 020-50261
By following a few simple rules, squash can make even the most indifferent gardener an unqualified success. As soon as the soil is warm, plant 8 to 10 seeds in hills of soil that are spaced 4 to 6 feet apart. Then thin the seedlings out, leaving the 3 sturdiest plants to each hill. Squash likes lots of organic matter such as aged manure or compost in its soil. For best flavor, harvest the vegetables while they are young and still shiny, and before their seeds are well-developed. A versatile vegetable, the many varieties of squash lend themselves to everything from appetizers to desserts. They are excellent sautéed or steamed and when used in casseroles, breads or cakes. They’re even good raw with dips. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/summer-squash.aspx

49er Hybrid
Matures in 50 days
Produces straight, golden yellow zucchini measuring 7 to 8 inches long. The plants are upright and open. It has excellent yields and flavor, and can be marketed as both baby zucchini and full size fruits. Good for both home gardens and roadside stands.

- 1/4 oz.......... 020-10314
- 1/4 lb.......... 020-30314
- 1 lb .......... 020-50314

Black Beauty Zucchini
Matures in 45 days
A continual bush-type plant that produces cylindrical fruits that are straight and slender with slight ridges. 6 to 8 inches at edible stage, fruit is very dark, turning green at full maturity. Flesh is white, firm and fine.

- 1/4 oz......... 020-20305
- 1/4 lb......... 020-30305
- 1 lb .......... 020-50305

Butternut
Matures in 100 days
Delicious, high-quality winter squash. Smooth, lightly buff-colored skin is thick and firm. Fruit is 12 inches long with an elongated shape. Interior is light yellow with a sweet, nutty flavor.

- 1/4 oz......... 020-20303
- 1/4 lb......... 020-30303
- 1 lb .......... 020-50303

Dixie Hybrid
Matures in 41 days
These classic, high-yielding lemon yellow crooknecks grow 4 to 6 inches and are very uniform.

- 1/4 oz......... 020-10410
- 5 M .......... 020-50410

Early Butternut Hybrid
Matures in 92 days
Fruit is 10 to 12 inches long, fairly stocky and tan in color. Flesh is fine-textured and sweet. An early, highly productive, semi-bush hybrid.

- 1/4 oz......... 020-10299
- 1/4 lb......... 020-30299
- 1 lb .......... 020-50299

Early Prolific Straightneck
Matures in 50 days
The name says it all. For best taste, harvest when fruit is young—about 4 to 6 inches in length. Pleasing clear yellow flesh.

- 1/4 oz......... 020-20306
- 1/4 lb......... 020-30306
- 1 lb .......... 020-50306
**Squash**

**Early White Bush (Patty Pan)**

*Matures in 52 days*

Scallop-edged and flattened, this patty-pan variety is sweet, nutty and white-fleshed. For optimum eating quality, harvest when fruit is 8 inches in diameter. Compact bush-type plant is ideal when space is a factor.

- 1/2 oz: 020-20300
- 1/4 lb: 020-30300
- 1 lb: 020-50300

**Gentry Hybrid**

*Matures in 43 days*

Golden yellow fruits have smooth, tender skin. Extremely productive; best picked when 4 to 6 inches long. Performs well under stressful conditions.

- 1/4 oz: 020-10890
- 1/4 lb: 020-30890
- 5 M: 020-50890

**Enterprise Hybrid**

*Matures in 41 days*

Enterprise sets the standard for southeast growers with a very productive, vigorous plant and broad adaptability. Fruit at optimum maturity is 7 to 8 inches long. Plant is vigorous.

- 1/4 oz: 020-10881
- 1/4 lb: 020-30881
- 1 lb: 020-50881

**Royal Acorn**

*Matures in 85 days*

Fruit of this fall and winter variety is about 5 1/2 inches long, 4 inches in diameter, acorn shaped and deeply grooved. Flesh is orange and sweet, and skin is smooth and greenish-black, sometimes becoming partly yellow in storage.

- 1/2 oz: 020-20309
- 1/4 lb: 020-30309
- 1 lb: 020-50309

**Golden Summer Crookneck**

*Matures in 52 days*

A bush-type variety, this classic is about 10 inches long and 3 1/2 inches in diameter. It has a small crooked neck with enlarged blossom end where seeds are borne. Rich yellow and covered with warts. Weighs about 2 pounds.

- 1/2 oz: 020-20301
- 1/4 lb: 020-30301
- 1 lb: 020-50301

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© Heirloom variety  © Great for the 1st time gardener
Spineless Beauty Hybrid

Matures in 43 days
Named for its spineless stems that reduce fruit damage, this high-yielding variety is cylindrical, dark-green and glossy. Fruit is 8 inches long.

\[\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10878 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30878 \\
3 \text{ M} & \quad 020-50878
\end{align*}\]

Sunburst Hybrid

Matures in 50 days
Beautiful butter yellow scallop-type squash. Each squash is accented with a small dark green ring. Mild, white flesh remains tender and firm. Best used when around 3 inches across.

\[\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10894 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30894 \\
5 \text{ M} & \quad 020-50894
\end{align*}\]

Vegetable “Spaghetti” Squash

Matures in 90 days
Oblong fruit with a hard, smooth, yellowish-tan rind; flesh is string-like, similar to spaghetti and can be eaten the same way. Ready to harvest when outer rind changes color; can be stored 1 to 2 months.

\[\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz} & \quad 020-10438 \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30438 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50438
\end{align*}\]
Sunflowers are heat loving annuals that do well in full sun and sandy, loamy soil. They add color and height to the garden and attract bees and butterflies. Most sunflowers are easy to grow as long as the soil is not overly wet. Sunflowers thrive at pH levels of 6-7.5 and require nutrient rich soils with ample organic matter or a slow release granular fertilizer. Sow directly in the soil after all danger of frost has passed. Plant no more than 1 inch deep and about 6 inches apart in the row. Space rows 30 inches apart. For more sunflower information: [www.almanac.com/plant/sunflowers](http://www.almanac.com/plant/sunflowers)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Days to Maturity</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>1/2 oz</th>
<th>1/4 lb</th>
<th>1 lb</th>
<th>5 lb</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Autumn Beauty</strong></td>
<td>60 Days</td>
<td>This sunflower variety grows 5-7 feet tall at maturity and produces 4-5 inch flowers with a range of color shades of yellow, bronze and red.</td>
<td>020-20550</td>
<td>020-30550</td>
<td>020-50550</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Large Grey Stripe</strong></td>
<td>75-90 Days</td>
<td>The classic sunflower growing 6-12 ft. tall (depending on growing conditions) and producing 12-20 inch heads of large, plump grey-striped seeds. The seeds are good for roasting or bird and chicken feed.</td>
<td>020-20551</td>
<td>020-30551</td>
<td>020-50551</td>
<td>020-60551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lemon Queen</strong></td>
<td>70 Days</td>
<td>Lemon Queen grows to be 6-7 feet tall with pale lemon yellow petals and a dark center ring. Perfect for cut flowers or borders.</td>
<td>020-20552</td>
<td>020-30552</td>
<td>020-50552</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Velvet Queen</strong></td>
<td>NEW! 70-110 Days</td>
<td>Velvet Queen grows to be 5-6 feet tall and produces 4-6 inch heads with shades of yellow, orange, and red ring around a large black center.</td>
<td>020-20553</td>
<td>020-30553</td>
<td>020-50553</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Plant sweet corn after all danger of frost is past in well fertilized soil. For early varieties, plant in hills with 4 to 6 kernels per hill, 3 to 4 feet apart each way. Thin to 3 or 4 plants when 6 inches high. Despite its relatively deep roots, corn may need additional water to make a quality ear during a dry summer. Very hot weather can also have a negative effect on pollination. For a continuous crop, stagger plantings a few weeks apart or choose varieties with different maturities. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/backyard-sweet-corn.aspx

All Sweetcorn varieties are treated.

**Ambrosia Hybrid**
Matures in 75 days SE
Early-mid season sugar enhanced bicolor hybrid. Noted for early vigor and tolerance to Stewart’s wilt. Ears are about 8 inches long with good eating quality. This variety is ideal for fresh market, roadside or home garden. Under stressful conditions, Ambrosia may not fill the tip completely.

- 1/2 lb........... 020-40963
- 1 lb............. 020-50963
- 5 lb............. 020-60963

**Bi-Sweet Hybrid**
Matures in 78 days TS
Bicolor mid-season synergistic hybrid with excellent flavor and quality. Ears are 8 inches with 16 rows of kernels, 2.5 inches in diameter, and good husk cover and tip fill. Suitable for roadside stands, fresh markets, and home garden.

- 1/2 lb.......... 020-40901
- 1 lb........... 020-50901
- 5 lb........... 020-60901

**Bilicious Hybrid**
Matures in 78 days SE
An excellent mid-season corn, Bilicious has 8 inch ears with 18 to 20 rows of bicolored kernels. Exceptional ears produced on 6 to 7 foot stalks.

- 1/4 lb......... 020-30931
- 1/2 lb......... 020-40931
- 5 lb.......... 020-60931

**Obsession Hybrid**
Matures in 79 days SH₂
Obsession is a bicolor, high quality shrunken with an 8 inch ear, an attractive husk and flag package and good tip cover. Excellent eating quality because it has the supersweet holding quality with kernels that have sugar-enhanced characteristics. Main season variety.

- 1/4 lb.......... 020-30965
- 1/2 lb......... 020-40965
- 5 lb.......... 020-60965

**Peaches N Cream Mid Hybrid**
Matures in 83 days SE
One of the most popular bicolors. Mid-season hybrid producing large yields of 6 to 7 inch ears with 10 rows of small white and gold kernels.

- 1/2 lb......... 020-40962
- 1 lb.......... 020-50962
- 5 lb.......... 020-60962

**Serendipity Hybrid**
Matures in 82 days TS
A triple sweet bicolor corn with good shelf life. Ears are about 8 inches long and husk is medium green. Great for roadside markets and shipping.

- 1/2 lb.......... 020-40954
- 1 lb.......... 020-50954
- 5 lb.......... 020-60954

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**Sweetness Ratings:**
(SU) Normal
(SE) Sugar Enhanced
(SH₂) Supersweet
(TS) Triplesweet

**BICOLOR**
Sweet Corn

Sugarbaby Hybrid
Matures in 65 days SE
Sugarbaby shows good seedling emergence even under adverse conditions. Like all early varieties, shorter than mid- and full-season corns, but the stalks produce attractive ears that reach 7 inches and fill out with sweet white and yellow kernels.

- 1/4 lb .......... 020-30928
- 1/2 lb .......... 020-40928
- 5 lb .......... 020-60928

Sweet G-90 Hybrid
Matures in 85 days SU
Full season, bicolor variety that is easy to grow. The plants are very tall reaching up to 8 feet. The ears are 9 inches long with 16 rows of kernel. Used for home garden and some local markets.

- 1/2 lb .......... 020-40949
- 1 lb .......... 020-50949
- 5 lb .......... 020-60949

Argent Hybrid
Matures in 86 days SE
Mid-season, sugar enhanced white variety with excellent eating quality. Sweetness and flavor are excellent. Superb for roadside stand markets, local shipping and home garden. Widely adapted and high disease tolerance.

- 1/2 lb .......... 020-40944
- 1 lb .......... 020-50944
- 5 lb .......... 020-60944

Avalon Hybrid
Matures in 82 days TS
Excellent white triplesweet variety. Suited to local and roadside markets as well as home garden. High quality 8 inch ears. Superior eating quality.

- 1/4 lb .......... 020-30960
- 1/2 lb .......... 020-40960
- 1 lb .......... 020-50960
- 5 lb .......... 020-60960

Country Gentleman
Matures in 90 days SU
An outstanding open pollinated corn to freeze or can. Ears reach 8 1/2 inches long and have deep, slender, white shoe peg type kernels. Stalks are impressive and vigorous growers with 2 ears each.

- 1/2 lb .......... 020-40113
- 1 lb .......... 020-50113
- 5 lb .......... 020-60113

Hickory King Corn (Dent Corn)
Matures in 115 days
Considered the best variety for hominy because the skin of the kernel is easily removed by soaking. Also good for grits, corn meal and flour. Makes a nice roasting corn (the old fashioned way of eating corn on the cob). This variety grows extremely tall with stalks reaching 12 feet. Some people use this variety for providing support for pole beans. Produces about 2 ears per stalk. Ears have very large flat white kernels. Husks are tighter than most varieties and give excellent protection from beetles and earworm. Has good tolerance to northern leaf blights (H. turicum) and southern leaf blight (H. maydis).

- 1/2 lb .......... 020-40112
- 1 lb .......... 020-50112
- 5 lb .......... 020-60112

Heirloom variety  Great for the 1st time gardener

WWW.SOUTHERNSTATES.COM

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Silver King Hybrid

Matures in 82 days SE
Rivaling Silver Queen in quality, this sweet, white corn boasts 8 inch ears with 16 to 18 rows of kernels. Tolerant of Stewart’s wilt, northern corn leaf blight and common rust.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30936 \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-40936 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50936 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60936
\end{align*}
\]

Silver Queen Hybrid

Matures in 92 days SU
One of the most popular white sweet corns of all time, the majestic plant grows as tall as 7 to 8 feet high during the summer and boasts well-formed ears. Cylindrical ears are 8 to 9 inches long and packed with 14 to 16 rows of tender, snow-white kernels.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30904 \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-40904 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50904 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60904
\end{align*}
\]

Truckers’ Favorite Hybrid

Matures in 75 days SU
Similar to a dent corn, this variety is good for roasting or frying. Handsome, prolific and featuring dark green foliage, plants grow 9 1/2 feet tall with 8 inch ears, and are quite heat tolerant. Resist corn earworm and disease.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-40101 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50101 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60101
\end{align*}
\]

Early Sunglow Hybrid

Matures in 66 days SU
Early Sunglow grows well in temperatures that can inhibit other varieties. Medium yellow ears are 6 1/2 to 7 inches long, slightly tapered, and well-filled with 12 rows of medium-sized kernels. Plant is about 5 feet tall and sometimes displays red pigment.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-30902 \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-40902 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50902 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60902
\end{align*}
\]

Bodacious R/M Hybrid

Matures in 75 days SE
A good performer even in the north. Plant grows 87 inches with 8 inch ears. A sugar enhanced hybrid with good shelf life. A good choice for the home garden and roadside stands. Rust tolerance.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-40955 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50955 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60955
\end{align*}
\]

Golden Cross Bantam Hybrid

Matures in 80 days SU
A popular variety, this bright yellow corn is an excellent candidate for both immediate consumption and freezing. 6 foot high stalks generally produce two 8 inch ears with 10 to 14 rows of full kernels.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb} & \quad 020-40117 \\
1 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-50117 \\
5 \text{ lb} & \quad 020-60117
\end{align*}
\]
Golden Queen Hybrid
Matures in 93 days SU
A large, crisp, golden yellow variety that is a successful whole-ear “freezer.” Ears are exceptionally tender and up to 9 inches long with 14 to 16 rows of kernels that cover the tip.

- 1/4 lb...020-30905
- 1/2 lb...020-40905
- 1 lb...020-50905
- 5 lb...020-60905

Illini Xtra-R-Sweet Hybrid
Matures in 85 days SH2
Developed to maintain sweetness nearly twice as long as regular corn, Illini is also a top choice for canning and freezing. 7 foot stalks produce ears up to 8 1/2 inches long with well-filled yellow supersweet kernels. Plant in at least 4 row blocks to ensure optimum pollination.

- 1/4 lb...020-30903
- 1/2 lb...020-40903
- 5 lb...020-60903

Honey Select Hybrid
Matures in 79 days TS
An All-America Selections winner for 2001 with 8 1/2 inch ears. A yellow triplesweet variety that has 25% super sweet kernels for longer shelf life. A good choice for fresh markets and shipping.

- 1/4 lb...020-40957
- 1 lb...020-50957
- 5 lb...020-60957

Incredible Hybrid
Matures in 86 days SE
A gourmet sugar enhanced corn that grows to 96 inches. Ears are 9 1/2 inches long with good husk protection. Good tolerance to common rust and Stewart’s wilt. Great for fresh market and home use. Yellow.

- 1/2 lb...020-40956
- 1 lb...020-50956
- 5 lb...020-60956

Iochief Hybrid
Matures in 89 days SU
The ears are 8 1/2 to 9 inches long, cylindrical and filled from base to tip with 16 to 20 rows of deep, narrow, yellow kernels. Stalk grows to 7 feet, often producing 2 ears.

- 1/2 lb...020-40105
- 1 lb...020-50105
- 5 lb...020-60105

Kandy Korn EH Hybrid
Matures in 89 days SE
This sweet variety has a strong ability to retain sugar content, and therefore maintain prime eating quality for days. The stalks reach a height of 8 1/2 feet and ears are about 8 inches long.

- 1/4 lb...020-30907
- 1/2 lb...020-40907
- 1 lb...020-50907
- 5 lb...020-60907

NK 199 Hybrid
Matures in 82 days SU
It produces 8 inch ears with yellow kernels. Kernels have a normal sugar content. The plants grow to about 8 feet. The variety is used for home garden or processing. This variety is best suited to canning or freezing.

- 1/2 lb...020-40914
- 1 lb...020-50914
- 5 lb...020-60914

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**SYNGENTA ATTRIBUTE II® TRAIT STACK SWEET CORN**

**REMEDY**
Matures in 82 days
Bicolor, BC0805 type sweet corn with improved insect resistance through the ATTRIBUTE II Trait Stack.
2.5 m.....020-75987

**ASPIRE**
Matures in 80 days
Yellow, triple sweet corn variety with disease resistance through the ATTRIBUTE II Trait Stack.
2.5 m.....020-75988

**MILKY WAY**
Matures in 82 days
White, triple sweet corn variety with disease resistances through the ATTRIBUTE II Trait Stack.
2.5 m.....020-75975

ATTRIBUTE II® Trait Stack insect protected sweetcorn from Syngenta Seeds, Inc. has been genetically modified to produce toxins for the control of European corn borer, corn earworm and fall army worm. ATTRIBUTE II® Trait Stack sweet corn varieties are regulated in the USA by the Environmental Protection Agency which requires specific terms and conditions to market this product.

Grower ATTRIBUTE II® Trait Stack Stewardship Agreement: All growers do not need a stewardship agreement on purchases fewer than 100 X 2.5 KS foil packages by a single grower. The EPA has granted an exception for home and garden use.
Carousel
Matures in 105 days
Open pollinated variety that produces 3½ inch miniature ears that can be used for decoration or eaten as popcorn. When popped the flakes are crispy with very little hull. Ear color ranges from solid red to multicolored with white, yellow and blue kernels. Plants are up to 8 feet tall with 2 or 3 ears per plant.

1/4 lb..........020-30926
5 lb..........020-60926

Indian
Matures in 110 days
This variety, developed for decorative purposes only, produces large, multi-colored ears. A basket of Indian corn makes an attractive gift, and is a good seller at craft shows. An essential element for fall decorating.

1/4 lb........020-30106
1/2 lb.........020-40106
5 lb.........020-60106

Creme Puff Popcorn Hybrid
Matures in 100 days
This variety grows just like sweet corn on medium-high stalks that are dark green and highly productive with 2 ears each. Allow ears to remain on the stalk until completely dry and brittle. Hang to dry for several weeks in a cool dark place. Shell and store in containers until ready to use.

1/4 lb........020-30910
5 lb........020-60910

Strawberry Popcorn
Matures in 95 days
Unique open pollinated variety that produces small strawberry shaped ears only 2 inches long. Plants produce several tillers that often have ears. The kernels are burgundy and pop into a white flake.

1/4 lb........020-30971
5 lb........020-60971
For the earliest tomatoes, start seeds indoors about 4 to 6 weeks before time to set outside. After seedlings are about 2 inches high, transplant to pots or boxes. Transplant again, this time to the garden, after there is no longer a danger of frost. Place individual plants, including roots and dirt, in watered holes, leaving 3 to 4 feet between each plant. Have garden soil enriched with compost or aged manure. It’s a good idea to mulch with straw while the plants are still only a few feet tall to ensure moisture retention. For best results, be sure to use a fertilizer with a high calcium content. This will help prevent blossom-end rot. All days to maturity listed below are in reference to days after transplanting. For more cultivation information: www.southernstates.com/articles/growing-tomatoes.aspx

Better Boy Hybrid
Matures in 75 days
Better Boy is a medium-maturing tomato that bears sweet-tasting fruit from July until frost. Resistant to a number of diseases including verticillium and fusarium wilt, as well as root knot nematodes.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10313
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30313

Big Beef Hybrid
Matures in 73 days
An extra large, meaty beefsteak, Big Beef has a pronounced old-fashioned flavor. Staking and regular pruning can nearly double production over that of other beefsteak varieties.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10321
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30321

Big Boy Hybrid
Matures in 78 days
Fruits average 10 ounces with many reaching 1 pound or more! Healthy, indeterminate vines produce all summer long. Start seeds indoors 6 to 8 weeks before your normal planting time.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10311
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30311

Golden Jubilee
Matures in 80 days
This large, round, smooth yellow tomato has a mild flavor and is less acidic than many other varieties. Its vines are uniform and upright, “making Golden Jubilee one of the easier varieties to manage.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10322
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30322

Celebrity Hybrid
Matures in 70 days
Celebrity’s vines are medium-sized, but strong enough to hold the large 7 to 8 ounce fruits. A great slicer, this flavorful tomato is a favorite for juices and sauces as well. Resistant to cracking despite its size.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10315
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30315

Homestead
Matures in 80 days
Homestead has large, vibrant red fruits that are easy to grow successfully. Be sure to support its sizeable plants and fruits with stakes or cages. A good choice for novice gardeners. Good resistance to fusarium wilt.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10324
- 1/4 lb ....... 020-30324
- 1 lb ........ 020-50324
**Large Red Cherry**

Matures in 70-80 days

A strong vigorous plant producing rounded red fruits. One inch fruits borne in large clusters throughout the summer for a long harvest period. Widely used for shipper, heavy yielder, fine flavor, raw or in salads.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10323
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30323
- 1 lb ........... 020-50323

**Marglobe**

Matures in 75 days

This variety grows abundantly on sturdy, straight vines. Dense, medium-green foliage, vividly colored fruit with thick, meaty sides, which means fewer seeds and more tomato. Indeterminate.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10319
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30319

**Ponderosa**

Matures in 86 days

Ponderosa is extremely large, flat and solid with very few seeds, making it a good choice for recipes that call for chopped, drained tomatoes. Somewhat irregular in shape.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10329
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30329
- 1 lb ........... 020-50329

**Roma**

Matures in 76 days

Paste tomato with dozens of 2 to 3 ounce pear shaped red fruits.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10825
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30825
- 1 lb ........... 020-50825

**Rutgers**

Matures in 80 days

Rutgers is a dependable, indeterminate variety, uniform in color, size and shape. Vines are strong enough to hold the typically abundant crop. A top choice for canning, juices and sauces. Resistant to wilt.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10316
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30316
- 1 lb ........... 020-50316

**Super Sweet 100 Cherry**

Matures 65 days

A handsome, prolific variety capable of producing hundreds of bright red fruit on a single plant. High sugar content makes for a particularly sweet bite-sized tomato. Stake plants for premium performance.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10327

**Yellow Cherry**

Matures in 70-95 days

A good-sized vigorous plant producing beautiful yellow cherry-shaped fruits with a 3/4 to 1 inch diameter.

- 1/4 oz ....... 020-10330
- 1/4 lb ......... 020-30330

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A WEBSITE FOR THOSE who want to do MORE.

Visit www.southernstates.com for advice on growing more fruitful gardens and fields, and as a general resource to help keep your corner of the earth green and rewarding.